NEC

NE Caribbean 1979-1982

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Data Set 03-004



Distributed by:
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www.iris.washington.edu

Award Number: 02HQGR0002

RECOVERY OF DIGITAL WAVEFORM DATA FOR EASTERN PUERTO RICO AND THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

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Research supported by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), Department of the Interior, under USGS award number 02HQGR0002. The views and conclusions contained in this document are those of the authors and should not be interpreted as necessarily representing the official policies, either expressed or implied, of the U.S. Government.

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Abstract

Puerto Rico and the U. S. Virgin Islands have a high level of seismic activity, resulting from their location along the boundary between the North America and Caribbean tectonic plates. A felt seismic event occurs about once per month, with several large and damaging earthquakes having occurred during the last 500 years. The region has a 20-year history of digital recordings of local and regional earthquakes from two local networks. Thousands of records exist from small to moderate events, at small-to-regional distances. Many digital waveforms from 1979-1983 recorded by an LDEO-run seismic network in eastern Puerto Rico and east in to the Virgin Islands exist and are stored at LDEO. Data come from 17 well-calibrated stations, 11 of which were in eastern Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, 6 were 3-component station, one was broadband and one had a displacement response.

In this project, we recovered seismic station digital waveforms for the time period 1979 - 1983, and permanently archived the recovered data on modem media (CD, DLT tape) at UPR-Mayagüez and Lamont as well as submission of that data, reformatted to AH format, to the IRIS DMC. The recovery will allow incorporation of these data into the current NEHRP ground motion relations development, and will allow many other analyses. In particular, the recovered data can be used to address topics of current interest concerning calibration of a moment magnitude scale, and improvement of earthquake locations, velocity models and focal mechanisms by use of waveforms to determine P/SV ratios. With termination of this project, a major portion of the effort needed to rescue the catalog/bulletin and waveforms data from the seismic network that have monitored seismic activity for the US Territories in the Caribbean will be complete.

Introduction

Puerto Rico's 4 million inhabitants are exposed to a significant earthquake hazard. At least four destructive earthquakes have been experienced in populated areas in historic times. Earthquakes of magnitude 7 or greater

are highly probable within the lifetime of the present generation. Despite the substantial seismic hazard, quantitative earthquake-hazard analysis is lacking for Puerto Rico. There is an urgent need for the further analyses. Many of the types of analyses needed, including the development of ground motion relations, require digital waveforms from past-recorded events, Digital data can be processed to extract information concerning source, site, and propagation effects in Puerto Rico and the US Virgin Islands. Unfortunately, many of the digital data recorded in Puerto Rico and the US Virgin Islands are not currently accessible due to their storage on archaic media, for which reading facilities are not easily available. Without speedy intervention, these data will be lost forever.

In this effort, we recovered valuable digital data recorded by the closed LDEO network and permanently archived these data on modem media. Recovered waveform data could be incorporated into a current NEFW project on ground motion relations for Puerto Rico, That project lacks important information in the distance range precisely recorded by this existing, but previously difficult to use data set.

Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands lie on the boundary between the North American and the Caribbean plates. They are surrounded and crossed by active seismic faults and are a focus of brisk seismic activity. The islands have a significant seismic hazard, as evidenced by the hundreds of moderate (M4 to 5) events recorded in the last two decades. Since Spanish settlement in the early 1500's, there have been at least four destructive earthquakes, with intensities greater than VII on the Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale, causing loss of life and substantial property damage. Two major (M>7) events occurred in this century (1918 and 1943). Historical data show that Puerto Rico has been subjected to a strong earthquake about every 75 years. A possible great earthquake in 1787 (M 8 to 8.2) appears to have occurred along the main seismic zone near the Puerto Rico Trench to the north of the island (McCann, 1985).

Despite its high seismic risk, Puerto Rico lags behind other seismically active regions of the United States in terms of research to adequately assess and mitigate earthquake hazard. This knowledge gap is a subject of major concern within the Puerto Rican scientific and engineering community. Addressing this knowledge gap requires earthquake data, as seismology is largely an empirical science. A large body of data has been recorded, but unfortunately many of these data are archived on outdated media that are no longer generally accessible. Without speedy intervention, these valuable data will be lost forever.

Seismic Monitoring in the Northeastern Caribbean

Puerto Rico and the U. S. Virgin Islands have already benefited from the installation and operation of local seismic stations designed to monitor microearthquake activity. Information collected over the last 20 years has added the definition of local seismic hazard and helped to control the growth of seismic risk. Ongoing revisions of the building code in Puerto Rico are partly a result of investigations using data collected by the local seismic network. The locations of microearthquakes have played an important role in the decision of whether or not to construct important facilities at a given site, and to guide the use of appropriate seismo-resistant design parameters after a site decision has been made. Also, the local seismic network has been able to provide prompt information to the communications media when strong earthquakes have occurred, aiding the education of the general public in earthquake hazards. Unfortunately, because of a complicated history of seismic recording, and a

general lack of funding, the existing 20-year database has not yet been fully utilized and part of it is in jeopardy of being lost. Herein we report on the rescue of part of those data.

In 1975 several seismic stations were installed in the Puerto Rico-Virgin Islands region by two organizations, the U. S. Geological Survey (USGS) and Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO). In the period 1982-84 those networks were combined to form the Puerto Rico Seismic Network operated by the University of Puerto Rico. The data collected from 1975-1983 from those separate networks were integrated to form a common catalog and bulletin, under a separate NEFW project to Earth Scientific Consultants. That program added about 9,000 microearthquake locations to the existing local catalog, more than doubling its size.

Brief History of the LDEO Seismic Network

The northeastern Caribbean Network was installed in early 1975 starting in the easternmost part of the Island of Puerto Rico and offshore islands to the east, as well as the U. S. Virgin Islands. Each station consisted of an HS-10 2 Hz geophone, Interproduccts VCO, and information was relayed by FM radio to a central recording site. Later many stations were increased to two components each and finally three. In the last few years a broadband station was added at VST and a displacement response at SJV. At the central recording station, data were first recorded on heliocorders and on l6mm film by use of a develocorder, and in 1979 by a digital recording system of LDEO design. Events were located using at first using *Hypoellipse* then later *Hypoinverse*. Bulletins reporting phase information and locations were published for data from at least 1977 until the end of 1982. Digital data for events in the last six months of network operation (1983) were neither interpreted nor locations determined. All events were located using the one velocity model though later a model was determined through inversion of event arrival times and multi-ton calibration shots (Fischer and McCann, 1984).

Formation of the Puerto Rico Seismic Network

Starting in the end of June 1982, operational responsibility of the USGS seismic network was transferred to the Center for Energy and Environmental Research (CEER) of the University of Puerto Rico. From that time through June 1987, network support included basic collection, interpretation and processing of seismic data. The antiquated develocorder style recording was replaced by an event triggered digital recording system of LDEO design. Continuous heliocorder recording was also added.

Both LDEO and USGS provided he1p in setting up the data processing system, with the LDEO crustal model (used by LDEO in the Virgin Islands) used in HYPOINVERSE to locate events. About June 1983 the LDEO network in the Virgin Islands was dismantled with some equipment shipped to the Dominican Republic. As part of a USGS funded program, six 3~component stations of the closing LDEO network in the Virgin Islands were transferred to the existing stations on the Island of Puerto Rico to form a 2 1 -station Puerto Rico Seismic Network.

Operation of the network was transferred to the Geology Department, University of Puerto Rico, Mayagüez on June 22, 1987. Since that time the recording system has been upgraded to use the PC based IASEPI data collection in conjunction with a system developed by the University of the West Indies. Earthquakes are still

located using *Hypoinverse*, but a new crustal model has been introduced. A new magnitude scale has also been introduced, based on a desired equivalence to teleseismic m_b, but there remain unresolved questions concerning the calibration of this regional magnitude scale.

The net result of the above history is that catalogs of events near Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands contain events located by two separate networks, using at least two different computer programs, with at least two different crustal models. Event magnitudes are calculated based on at least two different scales of uncertain equivalence.

A recent **NEHRP** effort merged phase arrival times, amplitudes and codas times for events from the period of common USGS~LDEO network operation and data reduction (1975-1978). That data, and the data from the LDEO network alone (1979-1982) were located using the same location program, velocity model, and magnitude parameters to form a uniform event catalog and bulletin covering the period 1975-1982. Nearly 9,000 events were recovered by that effort (McCann, 2001).

Efforts Undertaken

The goal of this project was to rescue the data available on magnetic tape from the former LDEO network, covering the time period from 1979-1983, and archive all of these data on modern media. This information includes digital records from a total of 17 stations; one is a broadband station, one with a displacement response, and 6 3-component stations. It includes records of at least 2300 local earthquakes, and 3 multi-ton calibration shots in 1976 and 1979. Calibration shots from the 1982 campaign are also included in the normal network digital data set.

The tasks required for this project involved substantial, but simple, data recovery efforts. At LDEO there are 239 digital tapes covering the period from April, 1979 through May, 1983. These I/2" 800bpi tapes contain event triggered multiplexed digital records of earthquakes waveforms recorded by the 17-station LDEO seismic network in the NE Caribbean. They contain information for at least 2,315 local and regional earthquakes. Waveform data were recorded by a digital recording system of LDEO design in a proprietary format. Approximately 50 of these tapes have their information already copied in demultiplexed format. So about 189 tapes were read and data demultiplexed. After being demultiplexed the time series were reformatted into a non-orphaned format thereby making it usable by the general scientific community. Auxiliary files with station gain/polarity information are already available having been recovered and copied as part of a previous NEHRP grant to Earth Scientific Consultants. The archived waveform database will be available through IRIS-DMC and a copy of the data will also be held at the offices of the seismic network of Puerto Rico. It is expected that this data will be a valuable resource in ground motion studies.

Summary of Data Rescue Efforts

Tapes were read on a 800bpi _" track tape reader (Kennedy 9300). Reader would not recognize tape EOF, so copies, that is images of a whole tapes, were made by the command

tcopy /dev/rmt0m > tape#

Images have been saved in the event that someone needs to examine in an attempt to retrieve information of a particular event that was not successfully retrieved during the normal processing. All tapes (numbers 1-252) were read successfully. Of those tapes, #s1-240 are from the LDEO NE Caribbean network and #s 241-252 are from the Puerto Rico network. A mystery tape, contained the ring label duplicate to another LDEO network tape, but had no information on it. An image index of all tapes was produced and is given in Appendix A. That appendix includes tape number date on and off information, any special notes, and what channels were recorded etc.

LDEO programer David Lentrichia wrote a program, CARICLEAN, to break up a tape image into its component files and to clean up problems associated with minor losses of information that would damage the demultiplexing process. CARICLEAN generated raw carib network files that were further processed by the command "Tdmux –yr –f", This program demultiplexed the data and wrote it in AH format. Data were checked by use of PQL (passcal quick look) to make sure that the demultiplexing process was successful. The vast majority of the raw data were demultiplexed and converted to AH format with out problems. It is self-evident in the data which files are good.

A problem was encountered during the 79/80 year transition. As the digital recording system did not record the years, only sequential day of year and smaller time units, one had to provide the year in the demultiplex process. At the end of 1979 the station attendants did not change the clock to day 001 on January 1, 1980, so it indicated day 366 for that day. Events at the end of 1979 were processed using the year 1979 and were processed correctly. However when the 1980 events on the same tape were processed using the year 1980, tdmux interpreted the day 366 as December 31, 1980 as 1980 is a leap year, thus assigning an incorrect date for those events on January 1, 1980. As we have no solution for the problem, any users encountering data on tape #60 must realize that the data have a problem with the data information, but that the waveform data are good.

Station lists providing equipment inventories were developed. That file provides several unique response types for the various digital stations. A history of each station and its components includes gain and response type.

In order to provide a patch for the data not successfully processed using the program tdmux, we used the information copied onto a DLT tape about 5 years ago in a predecessor to this project. That data consisted of 9 archived tapes of demultiplexed data. We processed that information using the program ping2ah to make one file in AH format. A C-shell script then called the program uncatah, broke the large file into individual components which were in turn renamed according to a list produced when the original archive tapes were dmultiplexed in 1983. In some cases the number of files retrieved from the DLT for a given archive tape did not correspond to the number of files originally placed on the tape. Those datasets were left unprocessed; while the data could be retrieved reading the header files, the process was deemed to be too time consuming and beyond the scope of this present program. If an event of particular interest was not successfully processed by tdmux, and is found to be on one of the problematic tapes, a search through the unprocessed archive data tape might be worthwhile. More detailed information about what was processed is to be found in Appendix A.

Digital Waveform Products

Four institutions hold the final digital waveform products of this effort. They are LDEO Seismology Group, Seismic Network of Puerto Rico, IRIS DMC, and Earth Scientific Consultants. LDEO hold the original DLT tapes containing the tape images and AH format data, and files containing station parameters including location, calibration and response information. The other institutions were provided a set of CDs with tape images and AH format data, and station parameter files. Copies of this final report, without the CD dataset, were distributed to researchers working on various aspects of the seismic hazards and neotectonics of the U.S. Caribbean Territories.

Appendix A.

This appendix contains details of tape files created during copying and processing. All original data are stored on a DLT tape at LDEO (Seismology Building, Room 106D, red filing cabinet). A copy of the Tape Images and AH- format data were also copied to CD-ROM and are held at the Seismic Network in Puerto Rico and at the offices of ESC. AH format data are also held in the IRIS DMC.

Step I-- Produce Tape Image: 252 files named Tape1 through Tape252 are located in the directory "images" on the DLT tape. Below is an index of the 252 magnetic tape images (9-track, 800 bpi, _") read by *tcopy*. The index provides the relation between tape number (1-252) and date of information contained therein. List also notes channels file to use in demultiplexing process and notes year-year changes as well as notes that were hand written onto tapes.

Index of "Magnetic Tape Images Read by tcopy

```
FILE
        --DATEON--- --DATEOFF-- NOTES
        032979 1200 040879 1415 start with channels0 file
tape1
tape2
        040879 1425 042079 0200
tape3
        042079 0210 042779 1356
        042779 1402 050279 1203
tape4
        050279 1210 050879 2315
tape5
tape6
        050879 2323 051379 1435
tape7
        051379 1444 051879 2106
tape8
        051879 2115 052279
        052279 2327 052879 2120
tape9
tape10
        052879 2127 060579 1518
tape11
       060579 1522 060579 2317
tape12
        060579 2323 061179 1052
        061179 1058 061679 2226
tape13
tape14
        061679 2234 062379 1031
tape15
        062379 1040 063079 2258
tape16
        063079 2308 070779 0826
tape17
        070779 0831 071079 2345
tape18
        071079 2353 071479 1517
tape19
        071479 1529 072079 0254
tape20
        072079 0259 072179 1430
tape21
        072179 1437 072179
tape22
        072179 2148 072279
tape23
        072279 1053 072379
tape24
        072379 1034 072879
tape25
        072879 0145 073179 0141
tape26
        073179 0230 073179 0300 note 1
        073179 0300 080479 1336 note 2
tape27
        080479 1343 080779 2220 note 3
tape28
tape29
        080779 2230 081079 1813 note 4
tape30
       081079 1818 081779 2300
```

```
tape31 081779 2302 082279 1307
tape32 082279 1312 082479 1700 note 5
tape33 082479 1700 082679 1531 note 6
FILE
       --DATEON--- --DATEOFF-- NOTES
tape34 082679 1536 082879 1500 note 7
tape35 082879 1510 082979 2323 note 8
tape36 090179 1230 091079 2000 note 9
tape37 091079 2030 091279 2254 note 10
tape38 091279 2259 091479 1610 note 11
tape39 091479 1615 091879 0125
tape40 091879 0128 092379
tape41 092379 1442 092579
tape42 092579 2316 100679 2124
tape43 100679 2130 101179 2257
tape44 101179 2303 101779 2333
tape45 101779 2345 102279 1612
tape46 102279 1619 102879 2307
tape47 102879 2325 110279 2355
tape48 110379 0000 111479 1719
tape49 110579 1723 110979 2235
tape50 110979 2240 111579 2250
tape51 111579 2256 111979 2331
tape52 111979 2337 112479 2307
tape53 112479 2312 120179 0942 Note 12 channels0/1 at 11/30/79 0000
tape54 120179 0947 120779 0053
tape55 120779 0100 121179 2250 end channel1
tape56 121179 2300 121279 2255 Note 13 start channels2 at 11/11/79 2300
tape57 121279 2303 121579 2245
tape58 121579 2253 122179 2251
tape59 122179 2302 122879 2257
tape60 122879 2305 010280 0353 change year 79/80
tape61 010280 1048 010580 2355
tape62 010580 2357 010780 1055
tape63 010780 1100 011080 1222
tape64 011080 1227 011580
tape65 011580 0321
tape66 011680 1133 011680
tape67 011680 2222 011780 0305
tape68 011780 0309 011780 1129
tape69 011780 1133 111880 1107
tape70 011880 1112 012080 0343
tape71 012080 0348 012380 1124
tape72 012380 1128 012580 1130
tape73 012580 1134 012880 2328
tape74 012880 2334 020380 1114
tape75 020380 1118 020880 2342
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tape76 020880 2347 021480 1110
tape77 021480 0114 021680 0103
tape78 021680 0106 022280 2249
tape79 022280 2253 022780 2353
tape80 022780 2358 030380
tape81 030380 1504 030880 0005
tape82 030880 0006 031480 2229
FILE
       --DATEON--- --DATEOFF-- NOTES
tape83 031480
tape84 031680 2155 032280 0210
tape85 032280 0214 032680 1033
tape86 032680 1038 040280
tape87 040280
                    040680 1452
tape88 040680 1457 041380 2342
tape89 041380 2346
tape90 042280 1022 050280 1130
tape91 050280 1135 051180 2330
tape92 051180 2340 051980 1230 Note14 channels2/3 5/16/80 0000
tape93 051980 1240 052580 1359
tape94 052580 1405 052780 1630
tape95 052780 1638 053180 2216
tape96 053180 2223 060580 1238
tape97 060580 1243 061080 1154
tape98 061080 1159 061780 1543
tape99 061780 1548 062380 2231
tape100 062380 2237 063080
tape101 062980 1342 070880 1702
tape102 070880 1706 072080 2159
tape103 072080 2203 080480 1807
tape104 080480 1812 081380 0646
tape105 081380 0653 082080 2211
tape106 082080 2215 090180 2154
tape107 090190 2159
tape108 090480 0954 090680 1226
tape109 090680 1231 090780 2255
tape110 090780 2259 091780 2245
tape111 091780 2251 092780 1331
tape112 092880 1337 101380 2205
tape113 101380 2210 103180 0949
tape114 103180 1010 110880 1156
tape115 110880 1201 111180 2037
tape116 111180 2041 111380 2043
tape117 111380 2047 111780 1048
tape118 111780 1052 112080 2006
tape119 112080 2010 112580 0111
tape120 112580 0115 112880 2247
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tape121 112880 2252 120280 0749
tape122 120280 1016 120380 2335
tape123 120380 2338 120780 2259
tape124 120780 2304 121180 2207
tape125 121180 2212 121680 0204
tape126 121680 0226 122080 1843
tape127 122080 1849 122780 1034
tape128 122780 1038 123180 1853
tape129 123180 1858 010481 0845 change year 80/81
tape130 010481 0852 010881 1449
tape131 010881 1449 011181 2346
FILE
        --DATEON--- --DATEOFF-- NOTES
tape132 011181 2354 011681 1602
tape133 011681 1608 012181 1102
tape134 012181 1109 012381 2254
tape135 012381 2259 012981
tape136 012981 1049 021181 2245
tape137 021181 2313 022281
tape138 022281 2234 030181 1245
tape139 030181 1250 030681 2328
tape140 031681 2332 032181 1206
tape141 032181 1210 040381 0023
tape142 040381 0029 042181 2245
tape143 042181 2250 050381 2228
tape144 050381 2230 051781 0009
tape145 051781 0013 052781 2302
tape146 052781 2307
tape147 061281 1026 062781 1443
tape148 062781 1447 070781 1241
tape149 070781 1247 071581 2022
tape150 071581 2026 072281 2244
tape151 072281 2249 072781 2340
tape152 072781 2340 073081 0100
tape153 073081 0102 080181 2050
tape154 080181 2053 081481 0152
tape155 081481 0152 082181 2038
tape156 082181 2046 082781 0038
tape157 082781 0043
tape158 082881 1140 090381 2315
tape159 090381 2320 092181 2218
tape160 092181 2222 100481 1813
tape161 100481 1815 101381 2151
tape162 101381 0255 101581 2204
tape163 101581 2205 101681 2222
tape164 101681 2224 102281 2142
tape165 102281 2257 110381 2133
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tape166 110381 2139 110581 2253
tape167 110581 2255 111281 2322
                    112581 2138
tape168 111281 23
tape169 112581 2143 112981 2200
tape170 112981 2204 120281 2146
tape171 120281 2150 120781 2153
tape172 120781 2157 121581 1230
tape173 121581 1235 121981 2257
tape174 121981 2259 122581 1915
tape175 122581 1920 010982 2055 change year 81/82
tape176 010982 2100 012282 2100
tape177 012282 2106 020182 2132
tape178 020182 2136 021582 2107
tape179 021582 2112 021882 2104
tape180 021882 2108 022582 2112
FILE
       --DATEON--- --DATEOFF-- NOTES
tape181 022582 2116 022882 2152
tape182 022882 2155 030282 2134
tape183 030282 2139 030582 2140
tape184 030582 2145 031282 2166
tape185 031282 2122 031482 2116
tape186 031482 2120 032082 1404
tape187 032082 1408
tape188 040182 2124 040582 2119
tape189 040582 2124 042682 2059
tape190 042682 2103 050382 2109
tape191 050382 2115 052382 1653
tape192 052382 1658 061382 1633
tape193 061382 1642 062382 1627
tape194 062382 1633 070482 1651
tape195 070482 1655 071782 1632
tape196 071782 1641
tape197 072982 2059 080182 2120
tape198 080182 2125 081482 1301
tape199 081482 1305
tape200 082082 2326 083182 1609
tape201 083182 1615 091182 1538
tape202 091182 1543 091482 1700
tape203 091482 1704 092182 1552
tape204 092182 1558 100982 1549
tape205 100982 1550 102782 1444
tape206 102782 1449 111982 1504
tape207 111982 1510 112482 1514
tape208 112482 1517 120582 1722
tape209 120582 1728 121582 1432
tape210 121682 1442
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tape211 121782 1500 122582 1536
tape212 122582 1541 122882 1430
tape213 122882 1426 010383 1610 change year 82/83
tape214 010383 1617 011383 1544
tape215 011383 1549 012483 1651
tape216 012483 1706 020283 1546
tape217 021683 1615 022083 1618
tape218 021183 1606 021683 1610
tape219 020283 1552 021183 1602
tape220 022083 1624 030383 1608
tape221 030383 1611 030983 1736
tape222 030983 1741 031883 1630
tape223 031883 1636 032283 1412
tape224 032283 1417 032683 1647
tape225 032683 1653 032983 1550
tape226 032983 1604 040383 1653
tape227 040383 1700 040783 1600
tape228 040783 1605
tape229 040883 1604 041183 1508
        --DATEON--- --DATEOFF-- NOTES
FILE
tape230 041183 1515 041383 1526
tape231 041383 1534 041683 1600
tape232 041683 1601
tape233 042583 1710 050183 1619
tape234 050183 1627 050583 1527
tape235 050583 1534 051183 1646
tape236 051183 1655 051583 1804
tape237 051583 1810
tape238 052783 1640 053183 1707
teap239 053183 1710 061483 1742
tape240 061683 1748 061783 1705 end of LDEO network tapes
tape241 011785 1906 012485 2413 change year 83/85 note 15
tape242 110985 1136 112985 1051
tape243 112985 1101 010286 2300 change year 85/86
tape244 010286 2351 012886 1100
tape245 012886 1111 022786 0317
tape246 022786 0320 033186 1912
tape247 033186 1917 042486 0040
tape248 042486 0043 860505 0233
tape249 050586 0236 051886 1658
tape250 051886 1720 052986 0322
tape251 052986 0327 060586 1823
tape252 060586 1842 061786 1013
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General Note: Dateon and Dateoff give month, day, year in one column and hour, minute in next column. Blank entry means information not given. Use channels0

from start of digital data for channels assignments and demultiplexing raw data.

Note1: "Test" is marked on tape

Note2: offtime is approximate

Note3: VST calibration starts at 080779 014506

Note4: SJV calibration starts at 081089 133133

Note5: refraction profiles 1-6 and start of 7 on this tape.

Note6: End of refraction profile 7 on this tape.

Note7: Multiton calibration shot #1 (east of ABV) is on tape #34.

For this shot special channels assignments for the sonobouy signals are as follows: y1a=31, y2a=21,32, y3a=24, y4a=4.

Note8: tape35- Two multiton calibration shots are on tape #35. These are shots #2 (N of vst) and #3 (east of ABV again). For shot #2 special channel assignments for the sonobouy signals are as follows: y2b=24, y3b=4,31, y4b=21, y5b=32. Also, power out so no tape for 082979 2323 to 090179 1230.

Note 9: Refraction lines 9-11 on this tape.

Note 10: Refraction lines 12,13 on this tape.

Note 11: Refraction lines 14-16 on this tape.

Note12: Station STKP moved to SKBR, change in channels file 11/30/79 0000, use channels1 file.

Note13: Station SAB moved to SBN, change in channels file 12/11/79 2300, use channels2 file.

Note14: New station channel assignments start 05/16/80 0000, use channels3 file.

Note 15: Start of PR network tapes, use channels4; cannot read this tape so no image or follow up files, next tape really begins recording sequence for PR network.

STEP II-- Process 252 tape images through CARICLEAN to generate individual files containing RAW Caribbean network digital waveforms and header files.

These data are located in the directory "cleaned" on the DLT Tape. In "cleaned" there are subdirectories each having the name of a tape (i.e. tape104, etc.). Within each subdirectory are a series of files in the order in which they were found on the tape. So file.06 in directory tape213 is the 6th file found on tape #213, etc.

STEP III-- Process the files reformatting them from raw, multiplexed Caribbean network data format to AH format. These data are located in the directory "ahdata" on the DLT tape. In 'ahdata' there are subdirectories each having the name of a tape followed by ah (i.e. tape213.ah). Within each subdirectory are a series of directories named by the time of the event trigger and within those directories are the data in AH format. Each file is named after the channel whose data is contained therein. So data for channel ABVN for event triggered on 821229.102555 would be found in ahdata/tape213.ah/821229.102455/abvn.

Any station files with the names zzz, zzy, and zzx should be ignored, as they contain no data. All raw data and data processed up to and including this step should have 0.5 seconds added to their times to obtain UCT.

Files known or suspected to have suffered a problem during the *tcopy* or CARICLEAN step and may not contain reliable waveforms

Appendix B

Channels files

Channels0 1 csj 100 2 csje 100		
3 rrd 100	Channels1	
4 rrde 100	1 csj 100	
5 mtp 100	2 csje 100 3 rrd 100	Channels2
6 mtpe 100	4 rrde 100	
7 cup 100		1 csj 100
8 cupe 100	5 mtp 100	2 csje 100
9 cgv 100	6 mtpe 100	3 rrd 100
10 cgve 100	7 cup 100	4 rrde 100
11 scv 100	8 cupe 100	5 mtp 100
12 seve 100	9 cgv 100	6 mtpe 100
13 sjv 100	10 cgve 100	7 cup 100
14 sjve 100	11 scv 100	8 cupe 100
15 cgp 100	12 seve 100	9 cgv 100
16 cgpe 100	13 sjv 100	10 cgve 100
17 gpv 100	14 sjve 100	11 sev 100
18 gpve 100	15 cgp 100	12 scve 100
19 abv 100	16 cgpe 100	13 sjv 100
20 abve 100	17 gpv 100	14 sjve 100
21 swi 100	18 gpve 100	15 cgp 100
22 sab 100	19 abv 100	16 cgpe 100
23 mrn 100	20 abve 100	17 gpv 100
24 stk 100	21 swi 100	18 gpve 100
25 awi 100	22 sab 100	19 abv 100
26 bwi 100	23 mrn 100	20 abve 100
27 vst 100	24 skb 100	21 swi 100
28 vste 100	25 awi 100	22 sbn 100
29 vstn 100	26 bwi 100	23 mrn 100
30 zzx 100	27 vst 100	24 skb 100
31 zzy 100	28 vste 100	25 awi 100
32 zzz 100	29 vstn 100	26 bwi 100
	30 zzx 100	27 vst 100
	31 zzy 100	28 vste 100
	32 zzz 100	29 vstn 100
		30 zzx 100
		31 zzy 100
		32 zzz 100
		<i>32 </i>

Appendix CStation Information

Station coordinates, components, operating times and polarities in Hypoellipse format

abv18 43.92 64	20.22	3 1		e
abv* 4	11	1983061823	R	
abv18 43.92 64	20.22	3 1		n
abv* 4	11	1983061823	R	
abv18 43.92 64	20.22	3 1		\mathbf{Z}
abv* 4	11	1977070123	?	
abv* 4	11	1977120923	N	
abv* 4	11	1978082123	?	
abv* 4	11	1979032523	N	
abv* 4	11	1981020823	R	
abv* 4	11	1983061823	N	
apr18 27.45 66	43.76	53 2		Z
apr* 4	1 1	1999123123	N	
bwi17 39.90 61	47.40	36 1		\mathbf{Z}
bwi* 4	1 1	1979082023	N	
bwi* 4	1 1	1980051223	R	
bwi* 4	1 1	1981021323	R	
bwi* 4	11	1983061823	N	
cag18 14.37 66	02.12	350 2		\mathbf{Z}
cag* 4	11	1975071723		
cca18 04.18 66	19.58	269 2		\mathbf{Z}
cca* 4	11	1999123123	N	
cdp18 10.50 66	35.50	1300 2		Z
cdp* 4	1 1	1999123123	N	
cgv18 7.97 65	19.04	130 1		Z
cgv* 4	1 1	1979080323	R	
cgv* 4	1 1	1981030223	N	
cgv* 4	1 1	1983061823	N	
cpd18 02.33 65	54.91	370 2		\mathbf{Z}
cpd* 4	11	1999123123	N	
csb18 17.35 66	09.35	480 2		Z
csb* 4	1 1	1999123123	N	
csj18 22.98 65	37.08	66 1		Z
csj* 4	1 1	1977100123	?	
csj* 4	1 1	1978060623	?	
csj* 4	1 1	1978121223	N	
csj* 4	1 1	1979080423	R	

csj* 4 11 1980110723	R		
csj* 4 1 1 1981020223	R		
csj* 4 1 1 1979123123	N		
csj* 4 11 1982111923	N		
csj* 4 1 1 1983061823	N		
cup18 20.10 65 18.54 120 1		e	
cup* 4 1 1 1983061823	N		
cup18 20.10 65 18.54 120 1		n	
cup* 4 1 1 1983061823	N		
cup18 20.00 65 19.83 120 1		Z	
cup* 4 1 1 1976101023	N		
cup* 4 1 1 1977061623	?		20.1018.53 120
cup* 4 1 1 1979022823	N		20.1018.53 120
cup* 4 1 1 1979041823	N		20.1018.53 120
cup* 4 1 1 1979120823	N		20.1018.53 120
cup* 4 1 1 1980042023	R		20.1018.53 120
cup* 4 1 1 1981020623	R		20.1018.53 120
cup* 4 11 1983061823	N		20.1018.53 120
cyp18 06.70 66 09.00 457 2		Z	
cyp* 4 1 1 1999123123	N		
dos18 19.77 66 40.73 400 2		Z	
dos* 4 1 1 1999071723	N		
eyp18 18.75 65 47.50 1060 2		Z	
eyp* 4 11 1999123123	N		
gpv18 29.52 64 24.24 1		Z	
gpv* 4 1 1 1979080123	N		
gpv* 4 1 1 1981020123	R		
gpv* 4 1 1 1983061823	N		
ide18 23.19 67 29.77 218 2		Z	
ide* 4 11 1999123123	N		
imo18 06.69 67 54.51 84 2		Z	
imo* 4 1 1 1999123123	N		
imr18 05.30 67 50.83 55 2		\mathbf{z}	
imr* 4 1 1 1999123123	N		
lpr18 18.52 65 52.16 580 2		\mathbf{Z}	
lpr* 4 1 1 1999123123	N		
lrs18 17.60 66 50.70 440 2		Z	
lrs* 4 1 1 1999123123	N		
lsp18 10.65 67 05.16 390 2		\mathbf{z}	
lsp* 4 11 1999123123	N		
mcp18 25.13 67 06.63 250 2		\mathbf{Z}	
mcp* 4 1 1 1999123123	N		
mgp18 00.45 67 05.35 60 2		Z	

mgp* 4	1 1	1999123123	N	
mov18 16.92				Z
		1999123123	N	
mpr18 12.76				Z
mpr* 4		1999123123	N	
mrn18 00.72				Z
	11		R	
mrn* 4	11		R	
mrn* 4	11		R	
mrn* 4	11	1983061823	N	
mtp18 5.64				e
mtp* 4	11		N	-
mtp18 5.64				n
mtp* 4		1999123123	N	
mtp18 5.64				Z
mtp* 4	11	1977070123	?	_
mtp* 4	11	1977101223	N	
mtp* 4	11		?	
mtp* 4	11	1978060923	N	
mtp* 4	11		N	
mtp* 4	11	1979080223	R	
mtp* 4	1 1		R	
mtp* 4	11		R	
mtp* 4		1981020723	N	
mtp* 4	11		N	
pnp18 03.58			- '	Z
pnp* 4		1999123123	N	-
pon18 00.20			- '	Z
pon* 4		1999071723	N	_
pwp18 08.10			_,	Z
pwp* 4	1 1	1977073123	?	
pwp* 4	1 1	1977103123	R	
pwp* 4	1 1	1978031323	R	
rrd18 14.16				Z
rrd* 4	1 1	1978120123	?	
rrd* 4	1 1	1979080923	?	
rrd* 4	1 1	1979081623	R	
rrd* 4	1 1	1980110723	R	
rrd* 4	11	1981020223	R	
rrd* 4	11	1982111423	N	
sbn17 38.22				Z
sbn* 4	11	1977103123	R	
sbn* 4	11	1979081823	R	

sbn* 4	11	1979120223	R		
sbn* 4	11	1980110723	R		37.2313.60 470
sbn* 4	11	1981022323	R		37.2313.00 170
sbn* 4	11	1983061823	N		
	00 64 47.34		11	Z	
scv* 4	11	1976112123	?	_	
scv* 4	11	1977070123	?		
scv* 4	11	1977101023	?		
scv* 4	11	1977121023	R		
scv* 4	11	1979032823	R		
scv* 4	11	1980042623	N		
scv* 4	11	1980052623	N		
scv* 4	11	1980110723	R		
scv* 4	11	1981020523	R		
scv* 4	11	1982111623	N		
	0 66 09.00	457 2		Z	
sjg* 4	11	1999123123	N		
	0 64 45.72			e	
sjv* 4	11	1999123123	N		
	0 64 45.72	280 1		n	
sjv* 4	1 1	1999123123	N		
	0 64 45.72	280 1		Z	
sjv* 4	11	1977061423	?		
sjv* 4	11	1978061023	R		
sjv* 4	11	1978081823	N		
sjv* 4	11	1979080823	R		
sjv* 4	11	1980110723	R		
sjv* 4	11	1981013123	R		
sjv* 4	1 1	1983061823	N		
vst18 21.2	4 64 57.42	372 1		e	
vst* 4	1 1	1983061823	N		
vst18 21.2	4 64 57.42	372 1		n	
vst* 4	1 1	1983061823	N		
vst18 21.2	4 64 57.42	372 1		\mathbf{z}	
vst* 4	1 1	1977070123	?		
vst* 4	1 1	1977081923	N		
vst* 4	1 1	1977103123	N		
vst* 4	11	1977123123	N		
vst* 4	11	1978033123	N		
vst* 4	11	1978063023	N		
vst* 4	1 1	1978083123	N		
vst* 4	1 1	1979013023	N		
vst* 4	1 1	1979041623	N		

vst*	4	1 1	1979051623	R	
vst*	4	11	1979083123	R	
vst*		11	1980110723	R	
vst*		11	1981022623	R	
vst*	4	1 1	1983061823	N	
		61 51.60		1,	Z
awin*		1 1	1978112723	?	
awin*		11	1979121823	R	
awin*	4	11	1981022023	R	
awin*	4	11	1982112523	N	
awin*	4	11	1983061823	N	
cagu18	14.37	66 02.12	350 1		Z
cagu*			1999071723	N	
cgpv17	45.81	64 35.02	40 1		e
cgpv*	4	11	1983061823	N	
	45.81	64 35.02	40 1		n
cgpv*	4		1983061823	N	
	45.81	64 35.02	40 1		\mathbf{z}
cgpv*	4	11	1978121523	R	
cgpv*		11	1979040123	N	
cgpv*		11	1979083123	N	
cgpv*		11	1979120923	N	
cgpv*		11	1980041923	N	
cgpv*	4	11	1980042423	R	
cgpv*	4	1 1	1980110723	R	
cgpv*		1 1	1981020423	R	
cgpv*		11	1983061823	N	
cllp18 (04.23	66 34.53	195 2		\mathbf{z}
cllp*	4	1 1	1999123123	N	
porp18	03.23	66 38.22	165 2		Z
porp*	4	1 1	1999123123	N	
sjgc18	06.70	66 09.00	457 2		\mathbf{z}
sjgc*	4	11	1999123123	N	
skbr17	20.46	62 50.40	1		\mathbf{Z}
skbr*	4	1 1	1981021723	R	
skbr*	4	1 1	1983061823	N	
stkp17	22.80	62 49.62	366 1		\mathbf{z}
stkp*	4	1 1	1978120123	N	
stkp*	4	1 1	1979112823	R	
-		63 25.56			Z
swip*		1 1	1977101623	?	
swip*		1 1	1978090123	?	
swip*	4	1 1	1979081623	N	

swip*	4	1 1	1979121623	R	
swip*	4	1 1	1980050423	R	
swip*	4	1 1	1980110723	R	
swip*	4	1 1	1981021523	R	
swip*	4	1 1	1983061823	N	
tcgo18	08.75	66 58.87	880 2		Z
tcgo*	4	1 1	1999123123	N	
vstb18	21.24	64 57.42	372 1		e
vstb*	4	1 1	1983061823	N	
vstb18	21.24	64 57.42	372 1		n
vstb*	4	1 1	1983061823	N	
vstb18	21.24	64 57.42	372 1		Z
vstb*	4	1 1	1983061823	N	

Appendix DCalibration Information

Calibration of natural frequencies of 3 component Stations	
	MTPZ 02/07/81 1.14
CGPVZ 04/29/80 2.1	MTPZ 12/23/81 1.15
CGPVZ 02/04/81 2.2	MTPZ 11/13/82 1.01
CGPVZ 02/04/81 1.05	
CGPVZ 11/05/82 1.15	
	MTPN 12/23/81 1.16
	MTPN 11/13/82 1.01
CGPVN 03/19/79 1.0	
CGPVN 04/29/80 1.4	
CGPVN 02/04/81 4.5	MTPE 12/23/81 1.09
CGPVN 02/04/81 1.3	MTPE 11/13/82 0.97
CGPVN 11/05/82 1.15	
	ABVZ 02/08/81 1.2
CGPVE 11/01/78 1.0	ABVZ 11/22/82 1.0
CGPVE 04/29/80 1.0	
CGPVE 02/04/81 1.18	
CGPVE 11/05/82 1.16	ABVN 02/08/81 1.14
	ABVN 11/22/82 2.04
SJVZ 05/01/80 2.2	
SJVZ 08/01/80 2.2	ABVE 02/08/81 1.18
SJVZ 01/31/81 1.1	ABVE 11/22/82 0.94
SJVZ 11/09/82 1.05	
SJVN 05/01/80 1.0	
SJVN 08/01/80 1.0	
SJVN 01/31/81 1.1	
SJVN 11/09/82 1.14	
SJVE 05/01/80 1.1	
SJVE 08/01/80 1.1	
SJVE 01/31/81 1.1	
OU 1 L V1/J1/U1 1,1	

SJVE 11/09/82 1.07

Appendix E

Station parameter Information

Station Component Information

Format is as follows:

911 RRD 911 RRD

911 RRD

912 SBN2

18.2360 -65.6180

Unique Station identifier, station code, latitude, longitude, elevation, number of components, start and end dates, station location

```
3.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,3,25-1980,05,15 Anegada, British Virgin Islands
901 ABV 18.7320 -64.3370
                              3.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. 90. 0. 1980,05,16-1981,2,07 Anegada, British Virgin Islands
901 ABV 18.7320 -64.3370
                             3.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. -90. 0. 1980,02.8-1983,6.01 Anegada, British Virgin Islands
901 ABV 18.7320 -64.3370
902 AWIN 17.0450 -61.8600 371.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1979,1,1-1981,2,20 Boggy Peak, Antigua, Antigua and Barbuda, Lesser
Antilles
902 AWIN 17.0450 -61.8600 371.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,21-1983,6,01 Boggy Peak, Antigua, Antigua and Barbuda, Lesser
Antilles
903 BWI 17.6650 -61.7900 30.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1979,1,1-1979,08,19 Barbuda, Antigua and Barbuda, Lesser Antilles
                            30.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1979.08.20-1981.02.12 Barbuda, Antigua and Barbuda, Lesser Antilles
903 BWI 17.6650 -61.7900
903 BWI 17.6650 -61.7900 30.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,13-1983,06,01 Barbuda, Antigua and Barbuda, Lesser Antilles
904 CGPV 17.7635 -64.5837 40.0 2 EHZ EHE -90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1979,12,09 Cotton Garden Point, Saint Croix, U.S.
Virgin Islands
904 CGPV 17.7635 -64.5837 40.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,12,10-1980,04,28 Cotton Garden Point, Saint Croix, U.S.
Virgin Islands
904 CGPV
           17.7635 -64.5837 40.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. 90. 0. 1980,04.29-1981,2.4 Cotton Garden Point, Saint
Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands
           17.7635 -64.5837 40.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. -90. 0. 1980,2,5-1983,6,01 Cotton Garden Point, Saint
904 CGPV
Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands
          18.1328 -65.3173 130.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1980,04,17 Camp Garcia, Vieques, Puerto Rico
905 CGV
905 CGV 18.1328 -65.3173 130.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1980,04,18-1981,3,2 Camp Garcia, Vieques, Puerto Rico
905 CGV 18.1328 -65.3173 130.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,3.3-1983,6.01 Camp Garcia, Vieques, Puerto Rico
906 CSJ 18.3830 -65.6180 66.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1980,04,15 Cape San Juan, Puerto Rico
         18.3830 -65.6180 66.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1980,04,16-1981,2,2 Cape San Juan, Puerto Rico
906 CSJ
         18.3830 -65.6180 66.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,3-1983,6,01 Cape San Juan, Puerto Rico
906 CSJ
          18.3350 -65.3090 120.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1979,04,18 Culebra Island, Puerto Rico
907 CUP
907 CUP 18.3350 -65.3090 120.0 2 EHZ EHE -90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,4,19-1979,12,8 Culebra Island, Puerto Rico
          18.3350 -65.3090 120.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,12,9-1980,04,19 Culebra Island, Puerto Rico
          18.3350 -65.3090 120.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. 90. 0. 1980,04,20-1981,2,05 Culebra Island, Puerto Rico
907 CUP
          18.3350 -65.3090 120.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. -90. 0. 1981,02,06-1983,6,01 Culebra Island, Puerto Rico
908 GPV 18.4920 -64.4040 343.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1980,04,26 Gorda Peak, Virgin Gorda, British Virgin
Islands
          18.4920 -64.4040 343.0 2 EHZ 90. 0. 1980,04,27-1981,1,31 Gorda Peak, Virgin Gorda, British Virgin Islands
908 GPV
          18.4920 -64.4040 343.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,02,1-1983,6,01 Gorda Peak, Virgin Gorda, British Virgin Islands
908 GPV
          18.0120 -63.0600 20.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1979,1,1-1981,2,20 Saint Martin, Netherlands Antilles
909 MRN
           18.0120 -63.0600 20.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,21-1983,6,01 Saint Martin, Netherlands Antilles
909 MRN
910 MTP
           18.0940 -65.5570 175.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1980,04,16 Mount Pirata, Vieques, Puerto Rico
910 MTP
           18.0940 -65.5570 175.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. 90. 0. 1980,04,17-1983,2,06 Mount Pirata, Vieques, Puerto
Rico
910 MTP
          18.0940 -65.5570 175.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. -90. 0. 1980,02,7-1983,6,01 Mount Pirata, Vieques, Puerto
Rico
```

18.2360 -65.6180 40.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,3-1983,6,01 Roosvelt Roads Naval Station, Puerto Rico

17.6201 -63.2267 470.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1979,12,21-1981,2,22 Saba, Netherlands Antilles 17.6201 -63.2267 470.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,23-1983,6,01 Saba, Netherlands Antilles 913 SBN 17.6370 -63.2350 870.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1979,1,1-1979,12,04 Saba Peak, Saba, Netherlands Antilles

18.2360 -65.6180 40.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1980,04,15 Roosvelt Roads Naval Station, Puerto Rico

40.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1980,4,16-1981,2,2 Roosvelt Roads Naval Station, Puerto Rico

- 914 SCV 17.7817 -64.7890 12.0 2 EHZ EHE -90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1980,04,26 Saint Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands 17.7817 -64.7890 12.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1980,04,27-1981,2,4 Saint Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands 914 SCV
- 17.7817 -64.7890 12.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,5-1983,6,01 Saint Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands 914 SCV
- 18.3450 -64.7620 280.0 2 EHZ EHE 90. 0. 0. 90. 1979,1,1-1980,04,21 Saint John, U.S. Virgin Islands 915 SJV
- 18.3450 -64.7620 280.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. 90. 0. 1980,04,22-1981,1,30 Saint John, U.S. Virgin Islands 915 SJV 18.3450 -64.7620 280.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. -90. 0. 1981,1,31-1983,6,01 Saint John, U.S. Virgin Islands 915 SJV
- 916 STKP 17.3800 -62.8270 366.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1976,10,01-1979,11,28 Saint Kitts, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Leeward Islands
- 917 SKBR 17.3410 -62.8400 200.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1979,11,30-1981,2,16 Saint Kitts, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Leeward Islands
- 917 SKBR 17.3410 -62.8400 200.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,17-1983,6,01 Saint Kitts, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Leeward Islands
- 18.5980 -63.4260 15.0 1 EHZ 90. 0. 1979,1,1-1981,2,14 Sombrero Island, Lesser Antilles 918 SWIP
- 918 SWIP 18.5980 -63.4260 15.0 1 EHZ -90. 0. 1981,2,15-1983,6,01 Sombrero Island, Lesser Antilles
- 919 VST 18.3540 -64.9570 372.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. -90. 0. 1979,1,1-1979,04,15 Saint Thomas U.S. Virgin Islands
- 919 VST 18.3540 -64.9570 372.0 3 EHE EHN EHZ 0. 90. 0. 0. 90. 0. 1979,4,16-1981,02,25 Saint Thomas U.S. Virgin Islands
- 919 VST 18.3540 -64.9570 372.0 6 EHE EHN EHZ ELE ELN ELZ 0. 90. 0. 0. -90. 0. 0. 90. 0. 0. -90. 0. 1981,02,26-1983,6,01 Saint Thomas U.S. Virgin Islands

Station Response Type Information

Format is as follows:

Station Type, Discriminator, VCO, Amplifier Response, Frequency, Other, Remarks

- 1, interproducts, interproducts, velocity, 1.0, upisland
- 2, interproducts, interproducts, velocity, 2.0, upisland
- 3, teledyne, interproducts, velocity, 1.0, downisland
- 4, teledyne, interproducts, velocity, 2.0, downisland
- 5, none, none, velocity, 1.0, VST only
- 6, none, none, "broadband", 1.0, VST only
- 7, interproducts, interproducts, velocity, 1.0, notch filter, CGV only
- 8, interproducts, interproducts, velocity, 2.0, notch filter, CGV only
- 9, teledyne, interproducts, velocity, 2.0, SJV only
- 10, teledyne, interproducts, displacement, 1.0, SJV only
- 11, teledyne, interproducts, velocity, 1.0, SJV only

Station Response History Information

Format is as follows:

"station"

TYPE 1

station

TYPE 1

station

901 ABV EHN

1981,02,08-1981,12,20

gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0

901 ABV EHN 001

1981,12,21-1982,08,12

Unique station identifier, station code, component response Start date, end date "gain:",response in counts/cm, natural frequency, component response type station 901 ABV EHZ 001 1979,03,28-1979,12,11 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 station 901 ABV EHZ 001 1979,12,12-1979,12,20 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 station 901 ABV EHZ 001 1981,12,21-1983,02,07 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 901 ABV EHZ 001 1981,2,08-1983,06,01 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 901 ABV EHN 001 1980,05,09-1981,02,07 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0

001

station 901 ABV EHN 001 1982,08,13-1982,11,21 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 901 ABV EHN 001 1982,11,22-1983,06,01 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 station 901 ABV EHE 001 1979,03,28-1979,12,11 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 901 ABV EHE 001 1979,12,12-1981,02,07 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 901 ABV EHE 001 1981,02,08-1981,12,20 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 901 ABV EHE 001 1981,12,21-1982,08,12 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 27

gain: 7.50e7 1.0 1.0

TYPE 1

station 1980,05,12-1981,02,12 901 ABV EHE 001 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 1982,08,13-1983,06,01 TYPE 3 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 903 BWI EHZ001 1981,02,13-1983,06,01 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 902 AWIN EHZ 001 TYPE 3 1979,03,28-1979,08,07 station 904 CGPV EHZ 001 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 1979,03,28-1979,12,08 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 902 AWIN EHZ 001 TYPE 2 1979,08,08-1979,12,17 station 904 CGPV EHZ 001 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 1979,12,09-1981,02,03 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 902 AWIN EHZ 001 TYPE 2 1979,12,18-1982,03,14 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHZ 001 TYPE 4 1981,02,04-1981,12,14 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 station 902 AWIN EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1982,03,15-1982,11,24 station 904 CGPV EHZ 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 3 1981,12,15-1983,06,01 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 902 AWIN EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1982,11,25-1983,06,01 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHN 001 TYPE 3 1980,04,29-1981,02,03 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 903 BWI EHZ001 TYPE 1 1979,03,28-1979,08,19 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHN 001 TYPE 4 1981,02,04-1981,12,14 station gain: 9.35e6 1.0 1.0 903 BWI EHZ001 TYPE 1 1979,08,20-1980,05,11 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHN 001 TYPE 4 1981,12,15-1982,07,31 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 903 BWI EHZ001 TYPE 1

station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHN 001 TYPE 2 station 1982,08,01-1983,06,01 906 CSJ EHZ 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 1981,02,02-1983,06,01 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHE 001 TYPE 1 station 1979,03,28-1979,08,07 906 CSJ EHE 001 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 1979,03,28-1980,04,15 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHE 001 TYPE 1 1979,08,08-1979,12,08 station 001 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 905 CGV EHZ TYPE 1 1979,03,28-1980,4,17 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHE 001 TYPE 8 1979,12,09-1981,02,03 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 905 CGV EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1980,04,18-1981,03,01 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHE 001 TYPE 8 1981,02,04-1981,12,15 station 905 CGV EHZ gain: 9.35e6 1.0 1.0 001 TYPE 1 1981,03,02-1983,06,01 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 904 CGPV EHE 001 **TYPE 7** 1981,12,15-1981,07,31 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 905 CGV EHE 001 TYPE 1 1979,03,28-1980,04,18 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 station 904 CGPV EHE 001 TYPE 7 1982,08,01-1983,06,01 station 907 CUP EHZ gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 001 TYPE 1 1979,03,28 -1979,12,07 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 906 CSJ EHZ 001 TYPE 2 1979,03,28 1980,04,14 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 907 CUP EHZ 001 TYPE 2 1979,12,08-1981,02,05 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 906 CSJ EHZ 001 TYPE 2 1980,04,15-1981,02,01 station

907 CUP EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1981,02,06-1981,12,16 station 907 CUP EHE 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 1981,02,06-1981,12,16 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 907 CUP EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1981,12,17-1983,06,01 station 907 CUP EHE 001 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 1981,12,17-1982,07,29 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 907 CUP EHN 001 TYPE 1 1980,04,20-1981,02,05 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 907 CUP EHE 001 TYPE 1 1982,07,30-1983,06,01 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 station 907 CUP EHN 001 TYPE 1 1981,02,06-1981,12,16 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 908 GPV EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1979,04,28-1981,01,31 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 station 907 CUP EHN 001 TYPE 1 1981,12,17-1982,07,29 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 908 GPV EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1981,02,01-1983,06,01 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 907 CUP EHN 001 TYPE 1 1982,07,30-1983,06,01 station 908 GPV EHE 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 1979,04,28-1980,04,26 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 907 CUP EHE 001 TYPE 1 1979,03,28-1979,12,07 station 909 MRN EHZ gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 001 TYPE 2 1979,03,28-1979,08,15 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 907 CUP EHE 001 1979,12,08-1980,04,19 station 909 MRN EHZ 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 1979,08,16-1979,02,20 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 907 CUP EHE 001 1980,04,20-1981,02,05 station 909 MRN EHZ gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 001

station 1981,02,21-1983,06,01 910 MTP EHE 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 1979,04,02-1980,04,16 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 910 MTP EHZ 001 1979,03,29-1980,04,16 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 910 MTP EHE 001 TYPE 2 1980,04,17-1981,02,06 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 910 MTP EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1980,04,17-1981,02,06 station 910 MTP EHE 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 1981,02,07-1981,12,22 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 station TYPE 1 910 MTP EHZ 001 1981,02,07-1981,12,22 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 910 MTP EHE 001 TYPE 1 1981,12,23-1982,08,02 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 910 MTP EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1981,12,23-1983,06,01 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 910 MTP EHE 001 TYPE 1 1982,08,03-1983,06,01 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 910 MTP EHN 001 TYPE 1 1980,04,17-1980,02,06 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 911 RRD EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1979,03,28-1979,08,07 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 910 MTP EHN 001 TYPE 2 1981,2,07-1981,12,22 station 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 911 RRD EHZ TYPE 1 1979,08,08-1979,04,14 station gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 910 MTP EHN 001 1981,12,23-1982,08,02 station 911 RRD EHZ 001 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 1980,04,15-1980,02,01 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 910 MTP EHN 001 TYPE 2 1982,08,03-1983,06,01 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 911 RRD EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1981,02,02-1983,06,01

gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 911 RRD EHE 001 1979,03,28-1980,04,15 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 913 SBN EHZ001 1979,03,28-1979,12,03 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 station 912 SBN2 EHZ 001 1979,12,19-1983,06,01 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 station 914 SCV EHZ 001 1979,03,28-1979,08,07 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 station 914 SCV EHZ 001 1979,08,08-1981,02,04 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 station 914 SCV EHZ 001 1981,02,05-1983,06,01 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 914 SCV EHE 001 03,28,1979-1980,04,26 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 915 SJV EHZ 001 1979,03,29-1979,08,07

gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0

TYPE 2

station

915 SJV EHZ 001 1979,08,08-1980,04,21 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 2 station 915 SJV EHZ 001 1980,04,22-1981,01,30 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 9 station 915 SJV EHZ 001 1981,01,31-1982,11,08 gain: 2.27e6 1.0 1.0 **TYPE 10** station 915 SJV EHZ 001 1982,11,09-1983,06,01 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 915 SJV EHN 001 1980,04,22-1981,01,30 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 **TYPE 11** station 915 SJV EHN 001 1981,01,31-1982,11,09 gain: 1.68e6 1.0 1.0 TYPE 10 station 915 SJV EHN 001 1982,11,09-1983,06,01 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 915 SJV EHE 001 1979,03,29-1979,08,07 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 station 915 SJV EHE 001 1979,08,08-1980,04,21 gain: 1.5e8 1.0 1.0

1981,02,15-1983,06,01 TYPE 1 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 915 SJV EHE 001 TYPE 3 1980,04,22-1980,01,30 station 919 VST EHZ 001 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 9 1979,03,29-1979,04,15 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 1 915 SJV EHE 001 1981,01,31-1982,11,08 station 919 VST EHZ 001 gain: 1.68e6 1.0 1.0 **TYPE 10** 1979,04,16-1979,08,08 station gain: 5.4e7 1.0 1.0 915 SJV EHE 001 TYPE 5 1982,11,09-1983,06,01 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 919 VST EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1979,08,08-1983,06,01, station gain: 5.4e7 1.0 1.0 917 SKBR EHZ 001 TYPE 5 1979,11,30-1981,02,16 station 919 VST EHN 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 1979,03,29-1979,04,15 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 station 917 SKBR EHZ 001 TYPE 1 1981,02,17-1983,06,01 station 919 VST EHN 001 gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 3 1979,04,16-1979,08,07 station gain: 5.4e7 1.0 1.0 916 STKP EHZ 001 TYPE 5 1979,03,29-1979,11,20 station 919 VST EHN 001 gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 TYPE 4 1979,08,08-1983,06,01 station gain: 5.4e7 1.0 1.0 918 SWIP EHZ 001 TYPE 5 1979,03,28-1979,08,15 station gain: 7.5e7 1.0 1.0 919 VST EHE 001 TYPE 4 1979,04,16-1979,08,07 station gain: 5.4e7 1.0 1.0 918 SWIP EHZ 001 TYPE 5 1979,08,16-1981,02,14 station gain: 3.75e7 1.0 1.0 919 VST EHE 001 TYPE 4 1979,08,08-1983,06,01 station gain: 5.4e7 1.0 1.0 918 SWIP EHZ 001 TYPE 5

station

919 VST ELZ 001

1981,02,26 1983,06,01

gain: 3.87e4 1.0 1.0 at 1hz

TYPE 6 station

919 VST ELN 001

1981,02,26 1983,06,01

gain: 4.25e4 1.0 1.0 at 1hz

TYPE 6

station

919 VST ELE 001

1981,02,26-1983,06,01

gain: 4.25e4 1.0 1.0 at 1hz

TYPE 6

Appendix F

Miscellaneous Comments

Ocean Bottom Seismometer data-

OBS data was also rescued. 15 OBS tapes were processed using "ping2ah –nys" to develop ah files that were checked by PQL. No time, however, was spent developing a modulated IRIG-C code reader to acquire the trigger time of each record. Besides the issue of the modulated IRIG time code, there is another issue that would need to be resolved if the data is to be used. That issue is that when the data were gathered the recording system used 2 read-write heads with a distinct time offset observed in recorded data. A channel common to each of the head allows the time offset to be removed.

Previous problem with tape OBS10 remains, and for OBS5 the second group of data, previously not captured, was recovered.

Data was generally taken from DLT tape image made in 1996. There were 15 OBS tapes written onto the DLT tape at that time. OBS tape 10 produced errors so none of its information was written. Data were extracted from the DLT tape and are given in this directory. DLT tape directories OBS5-15 are from the 1979 Conrad 22-12 cruise. The other directories are from the 1976 TIKI cruise.

The Channel OBS file used for demultiplexing is given below

Channels OBS

- 1 clk1 100
- 2 clk2 100
- 3 obsz 100
- 4 obsn 100
- 5 obse 100
- 6 hydr 100
- 7 unk1 100
- 8 unk2 100

1979 Conrad 22-12 Data

All processed with 7 channels as found in their header files. The 7 channels are: spzh, spzl, hydh, hydl, dm, time, and ref. When comparing the number of files created in 1996 and the number of file written onto the original tapes, we found significant discrepancies for OBS5, OBS9, OBS10, OBS11, and OBS15.

OBS5 has 146 files and 78 recovered. The rest must still be on the tape after some EOF marks used to divide the tape into different OBS data units. The original tape would have to be reread to recover the data.

OBS8 has 341 files 226 are for OBSB6 and the rest are for OBSB5 (115). Originally we did not know how many data files were for OBSB5.

OBS9 we recovered 211 files with only 152 noted to OBSB7 on this tape. The other files appear to be for OBSO4 as per the file headers.

OBS10 produced errors in 1996. We tried again to read its 197 files, with no success

OBS11 has 221 of the files registered for OBSR4, the rest are on OBS15 tape. In total there are 334 files for OBSR4 some on this tape the rest on 15.

OBS15 the tape label says that there are 334 events for R4 but only 113 files are on this tape, the rest are on tape OBS11.

In summary, tapes for OBS5 and OBS10 need to be reread to get 100% data recovery.

1976 TIKI data

A readmeobs file found on the DLT tape indicated that there were 7 channels for the 1979 data (correct) and 8 channels for the 1976 data. Examining the headers we found 4 and 7 channels, but demutiplexing is still a problem to be solved. OBS1 data were demultiplexed with 8 channels successfully? But the data don't all plot in pql with hz? complaints. OBS2 data were dmuxed with 4 channels, no complaints. OBS3 data the same. OBS4 contained some data from OBSR3, that was moved to OBS4b to be processed with 7 channels. The TIKI data herein was processed with 4 channels. The R3 data in OBS4b was processed with 5 channels.

List of OBS data rescued

1976		1979	
OBS	Number of Trigger Files	OBS	Number of Trigger Files
T1	159	B1	79
T2	188	В3	64
T3	48	B4	253
		B5	117
		B6	224
		B7	142
		O1	66
		O2	139
		О3	21
		O4	69
		R2	371
		R3	16
		R4	334
		R5	133

Final Report for USGS-HQ-1434-96-GR-02731

Development of a Unified Catalog of Locally Recorded Earthquakes for the Eastern Caribbean

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"Research supported by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), Department of the Interior, under USGS award number HQ-1434-96-GR-02731. The views and conclusions contained in this document are those of the authors and should not be interpreted as necessarily representing the official policies, either expressed or implied, of the U.S. Government.

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Project Results	7
Bibliography of Older Seismic Bulletins and Catalogs (1975-1986)	9

Appendix A: Miscellaneous Comments and Information about Time Corrections for the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network

Appendix B: Data on Clock Corrections of the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network

Appendix C: Description of Magnetic Data Tapes for the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network Stored at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory as of July 1996

Appendix D: Inventory of Materials Related to the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network Housed in the Seismology Group Archive in the Shipping Building, Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory

Appendix E: Clock Correction Information for Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network

Appendix F: Miscellaneous Information

Station Polarities

Station Gains

Calibration Information

VCO/Radio Frequencies

SMA Data

Event Detectors

Digital Recording System Channel Assignments

Enclosures- NE Caribbean Seismic Network Data Files, LDEO Network 1975-1982; Puerto Rico Network 1975-1978

Disk 1: Prep.exe; Loc.exe; Hy.exe Disk 2: Pha.exe; Appendicies.exe

ABSTRACT

In 1975 local seismic monitoring in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands began. The monitoring was undertaken by two different entities, and the two seismic networks spatially and temporally overlapped. The Eastern Network, (herein call the LDEO or NE Caribbean network) operated by Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO), consisted of 17 stations reaching as far east and south as Antigua in the Lesser Antilles. Eleven of those stations were in the Virgin Islands- Puerto Rico region. The Western Network, (herein called the Puerto Rico Seismic Network, PRSN) operated by the U.S. Geological Survey, consisted of 15 stations on Puerto Rico and offshore islands to the West. The LDEO network operated continuously from 1975-June 1983; all of the data collected, except that of 1983, have been processed. The USGS Network has operated more or less continuously since 1975 to the present, but much of its data has not been processed, and the administrative responsibility of the network has changed several times.

In this program we rescued the earthquake phase data of the LDEO network and prepared it for combination with the phase data of the Puerto Rico Seismic Network. Phase arrival times, amplitudes and codas and other miscellaneous information from the LDEO network are stored on numerous 800bpi magnetic tapes, many of which had not been used in about 10 years. We successfully recovered that data and rewrote it onto high-density DAT tapes, and is also included herein on diskettes. Much to our surprise the time corrections necessary to correct the phase arrival times to UCT were either incomplete, improperly done, or non-existent. A significant portion of the recovery time at LDEO was therefore devoted to the reading of time corrections. Later, the time correction data was statistically analyzed to develop a series of equations to be used in the correction of the LDEO data to UCT. The final step, combining the data from the Puerto Rico and LDEO networks was not completed because of this time correction problem.

SEISMIC MONITORING IN THE NORTHEASTERN CARIBBEAN

Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands have already benefited from the installation and operation of local seismic stations designed to monitor microearthquake activity. Information collected over the last 20 years has aided the definition of local seismic hazard and helped to control the growth of seismic risk. Ongoing revisions of the building code in Puerto Rico are partly a result of investigations using data collected by the local seismic network. The locations of microearthquakes have played an important role in the decision of whether or not to construct important facilities at a given site, and to guide the use of appropriate seismo-resistant design parameters after a siting decision has been made. Also, the local seismic network has also been able to provide prompt information to the communications media when strong earthquakes have occurred, aiding the education of the general public in earthquake hazards. Unfortunately, because of a complicated history of seismic recording, and lack of appropriate funding, the existing 20-year database has not yet been fully utilized and part of it may be in jeopardy of being lost. Herein we propose to take one important step toward the rescue and utilization of that data.

In 1975 several seismic stations were installed in the Puerto Rico-Virgin Islands region by two organizations, the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) and Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO). In the period 1982-84 those networks were combined to form the Puerto Rico Seismic Network operated by the University of Puerto Rico. The data collected from 1975-1983 from those separate networks has not yet been integrated to form a common catalog and bulletin even though the networks overlapped spatially and temporally. This program rescued the data from LDEO and prepared it for integration with the data the adjoining Puerto Rico Seismic Network to form a single catalog of earthquakes. Final integration will need to await application of newly obtained clock corrections to the LDEO data. Clock corrections are now available as a result of this rescue program.

Brief History of the U. S. G. S. Seismic Network

The U. S. Geological Survey established a network of seismic stations in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico in response to a lack of instrumentally recorded seismic data necessary to make earthquake hazards evaluations. The principal objective was to assess regional and local seismicity in relation to the construction by the Puerto Rico Electrical Power Authority (PREPA) of a nuclear power plant in Puerto Rico. The PREPA objectives were accomplished in 1979. Network stations were composed of Geotech S-13 seismometers, Emtel VCO/amplifiers and a RF transmitter. Data were transmitted to the San Juan Geophysical Observatory, operated by the USGS in Cayey, Puerto Rico where signals from the seismic stations were recorded on a 20-channel microfilm develocorder system. Although some temporary stations were in operation by August 16, 1974, the operation of a large number of stations sufficient to provide island-wide seismic monitoring (15 stations) began in July 30, 1975 (Carver et al., 1976; Tarr and King, 1976, Dart et al., 1979). From what we know, the network remained stable until February 1982 when recording on the develocorder was interrupted (Table 1.).

Data processing was described in detail by Tarr and Davids (1977) and events were located by the program HYPO71. A bulletin reporting reading and location of 20 events from

August 1974 through June 1975 was published in Carver et al., 1976). A catalog of later events from July 1,1975 through December 31, 1977 was published in Dart et al. (1979). They employed a different crustal structure than that used by Carver. The data were reprocessed again using the program HYPOELLIPSE and a catalog of those locations was published in Dart et al. (1980). Data from 1978, until the USGS relinquished control of the network in June 1982, were never published by them (Table 2.). Preliminary phase times of earthquakes for 1978, as read by USGS personnel, were later found and events for the first 6 months year were located, and published by the PRSN. Unanalyzed data tapes are held at the PRSN.

Brief History of the LDEO Seismic Network

The northeastern Caribbean Network was installed in early 1975 starting in the easternmost part of the Island of Puerto Rico and offshore islands to the east, as well as the U.. S. Virgin Islands. Each station consisted of an HS-10 2 Hz geophone, interproducets VCO, and information was relayed by FM radio to a central recording site. Later many stations were increase to two components each and finally three (Table 1.). At the central recording station, data were recorded on heliocorders and on 16mm film by use of a develocorder. Events were located using at first using Hypoellipse then later Hypoinverse. Bulletins reporting phase information and locations were published for data from at least 1977 until the end of 1982 (Table 2.) Data for events in the last six months of network operation were neither interpreted nor locations determined. All events were located using the one velocity model, though later a model was determined through inversion of event arrival times and multi-ton calibration shots (Fischer and McCann, 1984).

Table 1. Data Recording History for Eastern Caribbean Networks

	U.S. Ge	eol. Survey	Puerto	Rico Network	Lamont-Doherty Earth Obs.				
Year	# Sta.	Recording	# Sta.	Recording	# Sta	Recording			
1975	15	Develocorder			11	Devel/Helio			
1976	15	Develocorder			11	Devel/Helio			
1977	15	Develocorder			11	Devel/Helio			
1978	15	Develocorder			17	Devel/Helio			
1979	15	Develocorder			17	Mag Tape/Helio			
1980	15	Develocorder			17	Mag Tape/Helio			
1981	15	Develocorder			17	Mag Tape/Helio			
1982	15	1-2 Develocorder	15	no recording 7- 12	17	Mag Tape/Helio			
1983			15	1-7 Devel, 5-12 Mag Tpe	17	1-6 Mag Tpe/Helio			
1984			21	Mag Tape/Helio					
1985			21	Mag Tape/Helio					
1986			21	Mag Tape/Helio					
1987	_		21	Mag Tape/Helio					
1988			21	Mag Tape/Helio					

1989	21	Mag Tape/Helio
1990	21	Mag Tape/Helio
1991	21	1-6 Mag Tp/ Helio; 6-12 Comp/ Helio
1992	21	Comp/Helio
1993	15	Comp/Helio
1994	15	Comp/Helio
1995	15	Comp/Helio

Notes: # Sta is number of stations in network; Recording is type of recording used to obtain waveforms; Devel is Develocorder; Mag Tpe or Tape is _" 8-track magnetic tape, digital-triggered recording system of LDEO design; Helio is continuous analog recording on Heliocorder; Comp is event triggered PC computer using IAPSEI or Soufriere software. Numbers in recording column gives months for which given system was used if operation was for part of one year. For the most reliable information about the existing network, please visit http://rmsismo.upr.clu.edu

Formation of the Puerto Rico Seismic Network

Starting in the end of June 1982, operational responsibility of the USGS seismic network was transferred to the Center for Energy and Environmental Research (CEER) of the University of Puerto Rico. From that time through June 1987, network support included basic collection, interpretation and processing of seismic data. The antiquated develocorder style recording was replaced by an event triggered digital recording system of LDEO design. Continuous heliocorder recording was also added.

Table 2. Status of Data Reduction for Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Networks

U	S Ge	olo	gica	l Su	rvey	,		Pue	rto l	Ric	o N	etwo	rk			La	moi	nt-D	ohe	rty	Eartl	n Obs	3.
	R	P	T	L	С	Н	В	R	P	T	L	С	Н	В		K	R	P	T	L	С	Н	В
1975	X	X	X	X	X	X										X	X	X		X	X	X	X
1976	X	X	X	X	X	X										X	X	X		X	X	X	X
1977	X	X	X	X	X	X										X	X	X		X	X	X	X
1978	X	X	X								X	X	X	X		X	X	X		X	X	X	X
1979	X															X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1980	X															X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1981	X															X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1982								?								X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1983								X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X						
1984								X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
1985								X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
1986								X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
1987								X															
1988									X														
1989									X														
1990									X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
1991									X	X	X	X	X	X	X								

1992					X	X	X	X	X	X	X				
1993					X	X	X	X	X	X	X				
1994					X	X	X	X	X	X	X				
1995					X	X	X	X	X	X	X				

Notes: Column headings are as follows: R- data recorded; P- phase times picked; K- Clock correction made when possible; T- data time corrected to UCT; L- events located; C- catalog of events exists; H- phase data exists in machine readable format; B- Bulletin of events exists. X means work completed. For the most reliable information about the existing network, please visit http://rmsismo.upr.clu.edu

Both LDEO and USGS provided help in setting up the data processing system, with the LDEO crustal model (used by LDEO in the Virgin Islands) used in HYPOINVERSE to locate events. About June 1983 the LDEO network in the Virgin Islands was dismantled with some equipment shipped to the Dominican Republic. As part of a USGS funded program, Six 3-component stations of the closing LDEO network in the Virgin Islands were transferred to the existing stations on the Island of Puerto Rico to form a 21-station Puerto Rico Seismic Network (Figures 1, and 2).

Operation of the network was transferred to the Geology Department, University of Puerto Rico, Mayagüez on June 22, 1987. Since that time the recording system has been upgraded to use the PC based IASEPI data collection in conjunction with a system developed by the University of the West Indies. Earthquakes are still located using HYPOINVERSE and the same crustal model as before, however a new magnitude scale has been introduced. So the catalogs of events near Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands contains events located by at least two different computer programs, and at least two different crustal models and events magnitudes are based off at least two different scales.

For the most reliable information about the existing network, please visit the web site at http://rmsismo.upr.clu.edu

Project Results

The project consisted of two parts. Part one was a visit to LDEO to rescue the network data available there. That process included the following activities:

- 1- Examination of written records/notes to develop time line for changes in collection/processing of network data (see Table 3.)
- 2- Locate all media containing original phase times and amplitudes, hypoellipse or hypoinverse related location files, bulletins or similar summaries of locations, along with location errors. (see Appendices C, D, E, and F as well as self executing zip files on the enclosed diskettes)

Table 3.	Time	Line fo	r Collec	tion/Proce	essing c	of Northeast	Caribbean 1	Network Data

Time Period	Computer for	Program for	Data Recording and	Reading
of Data	Processing	Processing	Processing	Precision
1975-1976	Local IBM or	Hypoellipse	Develocorder and	0.1 seconds
	Columbia Univ.		Reader	
	Mainframe			
1977-1978	VAX	Hypoellipse	Develocorder and	0.1 seconds
			Reader	
1979-1982	PDP 11/70	Hypoinverse	Digital Recording	.02 seconds

- 3- Locate listings of stations gains, polarities, and response curves, histories of time corrections See Appendix F for copy of Network Status Book containing this information. Original clock correction information is in Appendicies A, B, and E)
- 4- Copy machine readable information on to modern media especially all phase data, catalogs and bulletin data (see Appendix C and self executing zip files on the enclosed diskettes).

Data for 1983 has still yet to be analyzed. That data has been demultiplexed and should be copied onto modern media so that it can be analyzed using modern data analysis programs.

The second part of the project is composed of several tasks: 1- Prepare rescued data for combination with USGS network data 2- Relocate combined USGS and LDEO phase data to produce a new catalog of located microearthquakes for eastern Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. 3- Publish and distribute new catalog and datasets to LDEO/USGS/PRSN and Puerto Rican government agencies.

Task 1 was much more complicated than originally envisioned. The major set back was the lack of complete correct and consistent clock corrections for the period of interest (1975-1978). So much time was devoted to the collection and correction of the clock correction data, that none was left to correct the phase data and produce the final catalog.

However, as a result of this program the clock correction for the period 1975-1978 are complete, correct and consistent. In appendix E (and the enclosed diskettes- clockcor.xls an excel spreadsheet format) all the clock correction information is presented. The clock corrections were analyzed in segments of time. When a consistent drift rate, and without clock resets, was found, that segment was statistically analyzed to determine drift rate and intercept times. The information provided in appendix E can now be used to clock correct the data and merge with the USGS network data to produce the unified catalog. The stability in drift rates means that time corrections are available for the 95% of the time period from 6/8/75 through 9/30/78. Clock corrections after this time period are all 0.0 seconds as a satellite clock, not a ts-100 crystal clock, was used for timing.

Phase data for 1975 and 1976 were found in a file with no carriage returns at the end of

the data records. The records were laboriously reformatted. Phase data for Mar-May 1975 was not to be found in electronic form. It exists only in the computer printouts at LDEO. During that time period only a few stations operated in both networks, so the amount of "lost" information is negligible. Even so the information could be recovered if someone wanted to reenter the phase and amplitude information.

In some of the files the formatting of the data was rather inconsistent with hypoellipse. That is, the columns for "P", i/e and u/d appeared to be inverted. This is not a significant problem for the data. In some files the three letter code of the station occurs after a space and in other files it is found before the space. This change in code position occurred with change of computers and with the introduction of 4 letter station codes. No data for October through December 1981. If memory serves me well, there was a problem with the digital recording system during that period and no data was recorded digitally or analyzed.

Table 4. Summary of LDEO Network Data Files

	Files Fo	und or C	Constru	<u>ıcted</u>	Bulletin Format	Bulletin Found
Date		File 1	Гуре		Bulletin Information	
	PREP	PHA	HY	LOC		
1975						
March					121 char/line computer output	yes
April					122 char/line computer output	yes
May					123 char/line computer output	yes
June		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
July		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
August		х			120 char/line computer output	yes
September		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
October		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
November		х			120 char/line computer output	yes
December		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
1976						_
January		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
February		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
March		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
April		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
May		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
June		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
July		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
August		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
September		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
October		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
November		х			120 char/line computer output	yes
December		Х			120 char/line computer output	yes
1977						

1			l	1	1400	T
January	X	Х	Х		120 char/line computer output	yes
February	Х	Х	Х		120 char/line computer output	yes
March	X	X	X		120 char/line computer output	yes
April	X	X	X	X	120 char/line computer output	yes
May	X	Х	X		120 char/line computer output	yes
June	X	X	X	X	120 char/line computer output	yes
July	X	X	x	x	120 char/line computer output	no
August	X	X	X	х	120 char/line computer output	yes
September	Х	Х	х	х	120 char/line computer output	yes
October	х	Х	Х	х	120 char/line computer output	yes
November	Х	Х	х	х	120 char/line computer output	yes
December	Х	Х	Х	х	120 char/line computer output	yes
1978						
January	х	Х	х		120 char/line computer output	yes
February	х	Х	х	х	120 char/line computer output	yes
March	Х	X	Х	х	120 char/line computer output	yes
April	X	X	X	X	120 char/line computer output	yes
May	X	X	X	X	120 char/line computer output	yes
June		X	х	х	120 char/line computer output	yes
July	х	X	X	X	120 char/line computer output	yes
August	X	X	X	x	120 char/line computer output	yes
September	X	X	X	X	120 char/line computer output	yes
October	X	X	X	X	120 char/line computer output	yes
November	X	X	X	X	120 char/line computer output	yes
December				^	120 char/line computer output	yes
December	X	Х	Х		120 Chai/line Computer output	yes
1979						
January		Х	Х	х	fan fold versatec output	yes
February		Х	Х	х	fan fold versatec output	no
March		X	X	х	fan fold versatec output	yes
April		X	X		fan fold versatec output	yes
May		.hy	X	x	fan fold versatec output	no
June		X	X	x, roc	fan fold versatec output	no
July		X	X	λ, . σ σ	fan fold versatec output	yes
August		X	X	х	fan fold versatec output	yes
September		X	X	X	fan fold versatec output	yes
October		X	X	X	fan fold versatec output	yes
November	-	X	X	X	fan fold versatec output	yes
December		X	X	X	fan fold versatec output	yes
December	-		^	^	lan loid versaled bulput	yes
1980						
January		Х	Х		fan fold versatec output	yes
February		х	х		fan fold versatec output	yes
March			х		fan fold versatec output	yes
April			Х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
May			X		spiral bound quarterly	yes
				l		,,

June		х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
July		х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
August		х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
September		Х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
October		Х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
November		Х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
December		х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
1981					
January		х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
February		х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
March		х		spiral bound quarterly	yes
April		х	х	spiral bound quarterly	yes
May		х	х	spiral bound quarterly	yes
June		х	х	spiral bound quarterly	yes
July		х	х	spiral bound quarterly	yes
August		х	х	spiral bound quarterly	yes
September		х	х	spiral bound quarterly	yes
October					no
November					no
December					no
1982					
January		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
February		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
March		X	х	spiral bound annual	yes
April		Х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
May		X	х	spiral bound annual	yes
June		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
July		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
August		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
September		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
October		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
November		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
December		х	х	spiral bound annual	yes
		_	_		

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Anonymous, Datanet, Center for Energy and Environment Research, Univ. of Puerto Rico, Rio Piedras, PR, 1, 1982

Anonymous, Datanet, Center for Energy and Environment Research, Univ. of Puerto Rico, Rio Piedras, PR, 2, 1983

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Asencio, E., 1980, Western Puerto Rico Seismicity, U.S. Geological Survey Open File Report 80-192, 135p.

Dart R., A. Tarr, D. Carver, M. Wharton, 1980, Puerto Rico Seismic Network Data Report of Earthquakes Located by the Program Hypo71 and Hypoellipse July 1, 1975-December 31, 1977, U.S. Geol. Survey. Circular 821.

Tarr, A. and K. King, 1976, Puerto Rico Seismic Program, U.S. Geological Survey, Open File Report 76-49, 23p.

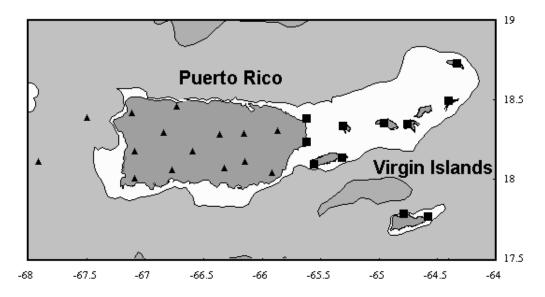


Figure 1. Distribution of seismic stations in the vicinity of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands in 1981. At that time, the U.S. Geological Survey operated stations on Puerto Rico and to the west (triangles), LDEO operated stations (squares) on easternmost Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and to the east into the Northern Lesser Antilles (not shown).

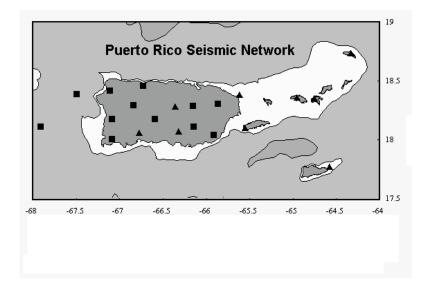


Figure 2. Location of stations of the Puerto Rico Seismic Network in 1993.

Appendix A.

Miscellaneous Comments and Information about Time Corrections for the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network

The information and comments presented here are taken from the various sources available to me during the execution of this USGS sponsored program to rescue information about the NE Caribbean Seismic Network. Text in italics are comments, remembrances or other non-observed information useful for the proper use of network data. All other text present information specifically observed during the visit to LDEO to rescue the network information. This information is designed to supplement the list of clock correction data presented in elsewhere in this report and is taken from Central Recording site (CRS) log books, notes on CRS or station repairs or from yellow boxes containing develocorder records.

Below is a chronological listing of information and comments on clock corrections.

Time correction information from 6/29/75 through 10/20/75 are written on the outside yellow box of the develocorder records. *If I remember correctly, this information was obtained by a oscilloscope line up of TS-100 or Station time with WWV signal.* That clock correction information included date, time for TS-100 clock and Universal Coordinated Time (UCT) as captured by WWV radio signal. Resulting clock corrections are: Station time - UCT = cc (or Station time + Clock Correction = UCT). Because the reading for station time were not read to any great precision at first, corrections were usually to the nearest second. Precision improved later in the year. *The station clock appears not to have been reset between 6/29/75 and 10/20/75*.

Below are information as taken from develocorder boxes. Clock corrections are given in Appendix E.

June, 1975 11 no clock correction 13 no signal

July, 1975 3, 4, 8, 12, 13, 17, 19, 20, 21, 24, 26, 27, 28, no clock correction written onto box 24 no radio signal

August, 1975 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 27 no clock correction written onto box

September, 1975 Correction only available for 1st of September

October, 1975
No information for October 1-5, 18, 21-23
Boxes with ending dates 10/24-11/3 have no time info on box or on film
The following time information was taken from the log book of the central recording site:

10/12/75	Station 11:42:45.1	Radio 11:43
10/14/75	10:40:44.8	10:41
10/15/75	12:15:44.5	12:16
10/16/75	13:06:44.3	13:07
10/17/75	10:26:44.2	10:27
10/18/75	13:16:44.0	13:17

November, 1975

1-26 no clock correction

Time corrected at some point between 11/20 and 11/27?

27 none

28-30 no clock correction

December, 1975

- 7 +2.0 to obtain correct (no time indicated)
- 11 corrected 1400 to 0.00 (no correction prior to clock reset given)
- 14 Time of correction unknown
- 16 Time of correction unknown
- 17 after 1940 hrs WWV starts (WWV included as a separate channel on the develocorder)
- 18 box says 0 as per WWV (box correction not used)
- 19 box says 0 as per WWV (box correction not used)

Clock corrections were done by William McCann in 1996 for the period 12/20/75 through 12/31/77

2 passes (pass 0 and pass 1) for the dates 12/20/75-1/4/76

Procedure: Use double pulse ion develocorder time line as marker for "1st" sec then subtract 1.0 sec to get position of "0th" in missed pulse region, read time on WWV (UCT) time channel.

January, 1976

1 -0.3 2329 (1 sec change occurs at beginning of day at 00hrs 1/1/-1/3 box says +-0.5 sec and 1/3 00:- to 1/3 23h says +-0.5 sec)

WWV with carrier starts on 1/5/76 @1217

Starting 1/8/76 clock corrections by WRM are generally taken from the end of a develocorder tape

- 10 box -1/2
- 11 box -1.5
- 13 box -1.5
- 14 box -1.5
- 15 Box 1/15/76 2350 to 1/17/76/ 0005 says was -2.0 reset to 0.0
- 17 box -0.5
- 18 box -1/2
- 22 wwv propagation poor- no usable signal on Drace (Develocorder trace?)
- 27 box says -1.2sec

28 (checked - OK The times on WWV channel are assumed to be the missing second- has long pulse "59", no pulse "00" then short pulse "01" cc is taken from short pulse -1.-sec and compared to devel min mark- that mark is taken to be 1st up pulse of 2 1/2 sec duration if starts on sec mark or preceding sec mark if not.)

28 box says -1.5sec until 1925 then 0.0; -1.3 to "00" and min-1

28 -1.3 "0" to min-1

power out 2350-1130 1/30/76

1/31/76 modify TS100 clock to provide motor stop sw for setting with out interrupting prec. 60 cycle & lite to synch minute pulse with wwv.

February, 1976

2/1/76 in view of power outage problems have rewired develocorder so ONLY clock motors run on prec. 60 cycle- drive motor on std ac. Also received overload on TS100 prec. 60 cycle circuit

2/1/76 quality estimates: TS 100 am running in and rating 2nd xtal clock which now has pulse synch lite & motor stop switch. Will transfer as soon as I've got rate adjusted then service original unit now on line.

WWV BCD from 100HZ sub carrier 10 and 15 MHZ please use this for corrections! (TS100 clock minute pulses not synched 100% with seconds hands)

2 box says slow 1/2sec 4 2217 -0.2 boxes of 4 and 5 say 1/2 sec slow

6 box says 1 sec slow

8 6-7th box says 1.2 sec slow

7 7-8 box tc +0.0

10 ok checked

14 1934 +/-0.5 no minute mark

16 Minutes printout intermittent- will wait for total failure before taking system down for maint WWV BCD provides redundancy

18 RE time corrections! I think that there may be a misunderstanding on the WWV signal--WWV always usable at beginning and end of (unintel --film?) normally usable (unintel) film. Precision 60 cycle and seconds- dashes on develocorder CANNOT by synched to WWV on develocorder equipmwent. Clock hands (sweep seconds hand) synching is meaningless and imprecise. What we are doing is synching the switching contacts on the clock- which generate the minute marks on the develocorder and heliocorders with WWV. This is simple to check visually on develocorder thusly (diagram follows) Synch checked and corrected daily

y to +/- 1/10 sec normally This far more accurate and positive than watching seconds hand while listening to WWV

March, 1976 9 17xx -1.8

Note times on WWV channel are assumed to be the missing second- has long pulse "59", no pulse "00" then short pulse "01" cc is taken from short pulse -1.-sec and compared to devel min mark- that mark is taken to be 1st up pulse of 2 1/2 sec duration if starts on sec mark or preceding sec mark if not.

(last entry 3/20/76 from PWP (*Vieques*) central recording site) (first entry 3/25/76 from VST (*St. Thomas*) central recording site)

April, 1976

6 21:10 set time clock

May, 1976

10 2153 +0.8? wrm in 1976

12 0109 +0.8 "

12 2318 +0.9 " box 5/12-5/13 cat cc+1.0 @22:17 and +0.9 @2233

13 2210 +0.9 "

14 2340 +0.9 (now I get +0.7)

16 21xx

17 21xx clock reset at some point

5/24 23:34 set develocorder clock

June

6/2 22:13 set develocorder clock

Note- WWV beginning of down pulse for "missing second" lines up exactly with beginning of develor minute pulse, sec marks indicate 0.5 sec lapse between full sec and beginning of min.. if true then TC is 0.0 and all times recorded here need to be corrected by -0.5 sec if read using the sec mark before develor minute mark as beginning of minute.

July, 1976

August, 1976

24 xxxx -0.5 xx

30 2122 -0.5 xx

September, 1976

October, 1976

15 1430 -0.8?

November, 1976

December, 1976

January, 1977

February, 1977

March, 1977

```
April ,1977
May, 1977
June, 1977
July, 1977
13
       19:55 set develocorder time clock
August, 1977
5
       20:17 set devel clock (after power failure)
September, 1977
10
       21:45 set ts-100 radio clock (about 40 sec)
21
       19:31 set devel. Time clock (power out)
27
       02:28 set devel time clock (power out)
27
       23:33 set devel time clock (power out)
28
       05:10 set devel time clock (power out)
October, 1977
3
       23:04 set devel time clock (power out)
6
       02:25 set devel time clock (power out)
28
       23:36 set ts-100
November, 1977
2
       20:11 set devel time clock (power out)
4
       19:48 set devel time clock (power out)
5
       11:47 set devel time clock (power out)
6
       18:58 set devel time clock (power out)
7
       10:38 set devel time clock (power out)
7
       22:00 set devel time clock (power out)
8
       20:50 set devel time clock (power out)
8
       21:04 set devel time clock (power out)
8
       22:09 set ts-100 reading our clock 4 min ahead (not radio announcement)
12
       17:49 set devel time clock (power out)
       10:45 set devel time clock (power out)
14
17
       20:35 set devel time clock (power out)
22
       When talking to Larry (Larry Shengold) last night I explained to him that about two
       weeks or lets say the 11/8 I discovered that the TS-100 hourly reading is 4 minutes ahead
       and in the same time we're still loosing about 1 second a day. Sounds strange, but that
       where we at.
```

December, 1977

21:37 set ts-100 sec

23

23

21:28 H-print* 18 minutes ahead! (*=hourly print on heli+devel are 18 min ahead of

radio time!) please inform-should I changes TS-100 or ?)

- 7 PM Larry arrives
- Johnson + Larry leave (*Doug Johnson*)
- 29 Devel time 1 hour behind
- 30 11:00 clock time devel prints 10:00 -- set devel 1 hour up
- 30 13:50 clock time devel prints 14:50
- 30 23:05 clock time devel prints 00:05
- 31 00:08 set devel 1 hour back
- 31 01:37 all times OK
- 31 22:40 radio clock 5 sec slow

January, 1978

- 8 12:12 set Develocorder time (power out)
- 8 23:22 set ts-100 sec sweep
- 13 21:52 set Develocorder time (power out)
- 15 00:04 develocorder +helios loosing time
- 15 13:33 set develocorder time (power out)
- 18 21:59 set devel time
- 18 Develocorder and Heliocorder loosing time
- 19 Develocorder and Heliocorder loosing time
- 20 Could be that new regulator is faulty?
- devel +helio loosing time
- 21 21:01 sweep seconds ts-100
- 22 11:55 devel time 4 hours late--reset;
- 22 21:56 devel time 1 hour late
- 23 10:13 devel time 2 hours late
- 24 10:47 devel time 3 h late
- 24 19:40 devel time 8 hours late
- 27 21:51 set sweep seconds ts-100
- 28 20:00 ts-100 loosing time
- 29 11:40 ts-100 20 sec behind
- 29 21:31 ts-100 25 sec behind
- 29 20:59 reset ts-100
- 30 03:22 ts-100 behind by 3 sec
- 30 11:06 ts-100 behind by 6 sec
- 30 16:52 ts-100 behind by 8 sec
- 30 22:16 ts-100 behind by 11 sec
- 31 11:06 ts-100 behind by 12 sec
- 31 21:48 ts-100 behind by 12 sec

February, 1978

- 1 10:56 ts-100 behind by 12 sec
- 1 22:15 ts-100 behind by 13 sec
- 2 10:47 ts-100 behind by 14 sec
- 2 22:30 ts-100 behind by 15 sec
- 3 14:19 ts-100 behind by 15 sec
- 3 21:38 ts-100 behind by 16 sec

- 3 21:43 reset ts-100
- 4 13:59 exact time
- 4 21:50 exact time
- 5 14:59 exact time
- 5 22:11 exact time
- As you can see the ts-100 was rather nervous but seems to be fine for the last two days
- 13 21:29 set devel time minute mark (power out earlier)
- 15 10:44 TS-100 now 5 sec off; it looses about 1/2 sec a day!
- 16 21:59 ts-100 5 sec off
- 19 22:03 set ts-100 (seconds sweep)
- 22 21:02 ts-100 2 sec off
- 23 03:07 ts-100 2 sec off
- 25 12:00 ts-100 3 sec off
- 26 10:32 ts-100 3 sec off
- 28 09:50 ts-100 4 sec off

April, 1978

6 15:00 reset clock (advance 100 msec)

May, 1978

5 21:30 digital clock 100msec advance

June, 1978

- 1 21:53 digital clock 10 msec advance
- 6 22:22 digital clock 10msec advance
- 25 03:07 noticed digital clock 6 seconds late
- 25 03:21 advanced 6 seconds
- 23 13:45 devel time 1 hour off--reset

July, 1978

- 5 digital timing clock seems to be loosing 1/2 sec per day or so
- digital clock 3 sec behind
- 4 digital clock 4 sec behind
- 6 digital clock 5 sec behind
- digital clock 6 sec off
- 13 07:05 7 sec off--reset
- 16 22:09 clock 2 sec off
- 18 22:16 clock 3 sec off
- 26 digital clock is still loosing about 1/2 sec a day

August, 1978

- begin clock adjustment--clock reset to WWV
- 20 17:37 switch to ts-100 clock
- 20 18:25 return to ts-250 time- clock freq advanced 4 hz LS (*Technician Larry Shengold*)
- 22 15:00 time to ts-100 clock adjustment cont.
- 23 21:53 time to ts-250 ""

Several fairly large earthquakes, careful time correction necessary because of clock adjustments and a power failure

September, 1978

October, 1978

November, 1978

December, 1978

3 Last entry in station log book with no mention of station clock since August

Appendix B.

Data on Clock Corrections of the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network

Time correction information from 6/29/75 through 10/20/75 are consistently written on the outside yellow box of the develocorder records. If I remember correctly, this information was obtained by a oscilloscope line up of develocorder (TS-100) clock time with WWV signal.

What follows is a list of clock information for that time period. Data given are: the date, seconds part of time for develocorder clock of preceding minute, and then radio time. e.g. on June 20th 1975 develocorder (TS-100) time is 20:34:58.5 and radio time is 20:35 GMT

1975 June 8 00.00 20:31 9 00.00 21:18 10 20:40:59 20:41 12 59 13:57 13 no signal 14 59 18:45 15 59 20:20 16 59 18:49 17 58.5 19:30 18 58.5 20:27 19 58.5 20:30 20 58.5 20:35 21 58 21:10 22 58 21:21 23 58 21:35 24 57.9 20:35 25 57.8 20:20 26 57.5 20:10 27 57.4 21:30 28 57 21:00 29 57 20:35 30 57 20:20 July 1 56.9 21:30 2 56.8 20:30 3 4 5 56 22:35 6 56 22:10 7 56 22:10 9 55.9 21:55 10 55.6 23:10

11 55.5 23:45

12

13

14 55.1 24:00

15 55 22:05

16 55 22:00

17

18 54.9 22:03

19

20

21

22 54.2 22:20

23

25 54.4 23:19

26

27

28

29 53.4 21:55

30 53.5 22:40

31 54.5 24:25

August

1 53.5 23:23

2 52.5 21:11

3 52.5 22:11

4 53.5 22:40

5 52.5 21:20

6 52.5 20:32

7 52.5 22:01

8 52.5 22:17

9 52.5 21:06

10 52.5 23:43

11 52.5 21:51

12

13

14

15

16

17 52.5 21:28

18 51.5 21:55

19 51.5 21:34

20 51.5 22:42

21 51.5 23:53

22

23 51.5 23:22

24 51.0 2339

```
25 51.0 0010
26 50.5 2309
27
```

 $28\ 50.5\ 2057$

29 50.5 0904

30 50.3 0912

31 50.3 0912

September

1 50.0 0958

October

6 45.6 1058

7 45.5 1120

8 45.5 1154

9 45.4 1137

10 45.3 1253

11 45.2 1203

12 45.1 1143

12 44 0 0051

13 44.8 0951

14 44.6 1041

18

19 44.2 1027

20 43.8 1016

boxes ending 10/24-11/3 have no time information on box or on film

November

time corrected at some point between 11/20 and 11/27? or 12/15 27 none

December

5 23:02? +2sec on box 7 +2.0 to obtain correct 11 corrected 1400 to 0.00

140

15 0

160

17 21:42 +0.4 after 1940 hrs WWV starts

18 box says 0 as per WWV 19 0001 -1.1 (even) box: 0 as per WWV

19 2330 +1.3 (even)

The following are clock corrections done by WRM in july 1996. Data are date, correction of station clock to obtain GMT and time of correction.

19 +0.1? 0019

20 -0.7 2153

21 -0.4 2150

22 -0.3 2227

```
23 -0.65 2309
25 +0.1 2246even
26 -0.1 2300
28 +0.0 0013
28 +0.2 2337
30 +0.4 2235
31 +0.6 2146
1976
January
1 -0.3 (1 sec change occurs at beginning of data at 00hrs 1/1/-1/3 box says +-0.5 sec and 1/3 00:-
to 1/3 23h says +-0.5 sec
3 -0.2 0045
3 0.0 2323
4 +0.1 2347 WWV with carrier starts on 1/5/76 @1217 5 2316 +0.0 6 2254 +0.1 from here on
readings are generally taken from the end of a tape
8\ 0115 + 0.3
10 2350 +0.6
112250 + 0.7
13 0119 +0.9
14 0020 +1.5 even
15 0059 +1.0
15 2346 +1.3 Box says was -2.0 reset to 0.0
16 2346 -0.6
17 2329 -0.4
18\ 2337\ +0.2
19
20\ 2253\ +0.5
21 0216 +0.7
22 1348 +0.6
22 1526 +0.6
22 1910 +0.6
22 1956 -0.1
22\ 2054 + 0.1
23 0050 +0.2
23\ 2324\ +0.2
24\ 2321\ +0.3
25 2307 +0.6
26 2258 +0.7
27 2246 +0.7 box says -1.2sec
28 1836 +0.7
28 2309 -0.3 box says -1.5sec until 1925 then 0.0
28 2343 -0.3
29 2258 -0.3
31 2250 -0.5
```

```
February
2 2134 -0.4 box says slow 1/2sec
4 2217 -0.2 boxes of 4 and 5 say sec slow
6 2223 +0.3 box says 1 sec slow
8 2216 -0.8 6-7<sup>th</sup> box says 1.2 sec slow
7 2133 +0.3 7-8 box tc +0.0
10 2205 -0.7
12 2340 -1.0
14 2157 -0.5
16 2258 -0.8
17 2313 -1.0
18 2229 -0.5
20 2248 -0.6
22 2218 0.0
24 2235 0.0
26 2129 -0.2
28 2148 -0.3
29
March
1 2310 -0.4
3 2311 -0.3
5 2247 -0.1
7 2157 -0.2
11 2255 0.0
13 1926 -0.1 Note times on WWV channel are assumed to be the missing second- has long pulse
"59", no pulse "00" then short pulse "01" cc is taken from short pulse -1.-sec and compared to
develocorder minute mark- that mark is taken to be 1<sup>st</sup> up pulse of 2 sec duration if starts on sec
mark or preceding sec mark if not.
15 2238 -0.3
17 2302 -0.2
19 2243 -0.5
21 2137 -0.4
23 2029 -0.4
25 2111 -0.3
27 2129 -0.5
29 2355 -0.5
31 2129 -0.6
April
3 0037 -0.6
4 2203 -0.5
6 2225 -0.5
9 2153 -0.3
20 2230 0?
```

26 0047 -0.3

```
29 2230 -0.1
May
4 2320 0.0
10 2153 +0.8? wrm in 1976
12 0109 +0.8 "
12 2318 +0.9 "box 5/12-5/13 cat cc+1.0 @22:17 and +0.9 @2233
13 2210 +0.9 "
13 2217 +1.0
14 2333 +0.9
14 2340 +0.9 (now I get +0.7)
16 0023 +1.0 16 21xx
17 21xx clock reset at some point
19 2337 -0.4
18
21 2130 -0.4
24 2018 -0.6
28 0132 -0.6
31 2157 -0.6
June
3 2110 -0.6
6 1040 -0.6 Note- WWV beginning of down pulse for "missing second" lines up exactly with
beginning of develocorder minute pulse, sec marks indicate 0.5 sec lapse between full sec and
beginning of min.. if true then Time correction is 0.0 and all times recorded here need to be
corrected by -0.5 sec if read using the sec mark before develocorder minute mark as beginning of
minute.
8 2133 -0.5
13 0006 -0.8
15 1225 -0.4
19 1533 -0.9
21 1935 -0.8
24 1403 -0.3
26 2259 -0.2
30 2130 -0.4
July
3 -0.5 1400
7 -0.5 1901
9 2023 -0.7
12 1917 -0.7
16 1518 -0.9
```

19 1529 -0.7 22 1711 -0.6 25 2059 -0.55 28 1348 -0.7

31 1316 -0.4

August

- 4 2022 -0.4
- 6 1225 -0.5
- 8 1044 -0.5
- 13 0914 -0.5
- 16 1240 -0.4
- 19 1346 -0.4
- 23 2245 -0.4
- 24 xxxx -0.5
- 25 2036 -0.3
- 28 2312 -0.3
- 30 2122 -0.5
- 31 1152 -0.4

September

- 3 2017 -0.4
- 6 2130 -0.5
- 10 0159 -.03
- 13 1439 -0.3
- 14 1929 -0.3
- 19 1417 -0.5
- 27 1937 -0.5
- 30 2329 -0.5

October

- 7 1439 -0.5
- 15 1441 -0.65
- 15 1430 -0.8?
- 26 2248 -0.3
- 31 2212 -0.4

November

- 6 2219 -0.7
- 9 2017 -0.8
- 11 2203 -0.7
- 14 1133 -0.8
- 18 1212 -0.9
- 23 1944 -0.6
- 27 1209 -0.6

December

- 3 0315 -0.5
- 4 1904 -0.4
- 7 1720 -0.5

10 2253 -0.5

1977

January

29 2146 -1.1

30 1333 -1.0

30 2049 -1.0

31 1757 -0.8

February

1 2145 -0.9

2 2227 -0.9

3 2049 -0.6

4 2110 -0.6

5 1838 -0.6

5 2115 -0.6

6 1837 -0.6

7 2100 -0.7

22 1926 -0.8

23 2333 -1.1

24 2037 -1.1

25 2152 -1.2

27 2101 -1.2

March

1 2053 -1.2

3 1950 -1.1

5 1924 -1.1

7 2020 -1.0

9 2057 -1.1

11 1914 -1.0

13 2049 -0.9

14 2045 -0.8

16 2128 -0.8 23 1635 -0.7

24 2055 -0.7

26 1952 -0.6

Appendix C.

Description of Magnetic Data Tapes for the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network Stored at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory

This note will hopefully guide the reader to a better understanding of the contents of the 1/2" magnetic tapes stored at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO), and which contain information about the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network operated by LDEO from 1975 to 1983. All tapes found examined by the author during a visit in mid-late July 1996 are listed below. They were taken in a more or less random order and relabeled as given below.

Multiplexed Digital Network Data from Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network and Puerto Rico Seismic Network

Several racks of _ " magnetic tapes from the Digital era of the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network are to be found in the Computer room of the Seismology Group. They are not inventoried here. Also, duplicate tapes from the Puerto Rico Seismic Network are found on the same tape rack. Their inventory follows:

1985 11/9-11/29 11/29-1/2/86 1986 1/2-1/28 1/28-2/27 2/27-3/31 3/31-4/24 4/24-5/5 5/18-5/29 5/29-6/5 6/5-6/17

DEMULTIPLEXED DIGITAL NETWORK DATA

Nine "DMUX" tapes were found and examined. They contain demultiplexed digital data from the Northeastern Caribbean seismic network for the period 1981-1983 and were written onto tape using the UNIX dd command. Time series data are in D and d (header/data) ping format. The D files used bs=900, and d files used bs=2048. All nine tapes were copied onto a DLT cartridge using the UNIX program tapecopy. The tapes were originally labeled DMUX 1-9 and contain data from the following time intervals:

Tape Label Time Period dmux1 11/9/81-2/19/82 dmux2 2/19/82-5/21/82 dmux3 5/21/82-10/17/82 dmux4 10/17/82-12/5/82

dmux5 12/5/82-1/1/83 dmux6 1/1/83-1/22/82 dmux7 1/22/83-2/17/83 dmux8 2/17/83-3/17/83 dmux9 3/18/83-3/26/83

OBS EVENT-DETECTED DATA

OBS data tapes were also examined. Data were collected on the TIKI cruise in 1976 and the RV Conrad cruise 22-12 in 1979. Analog tapes were event detected on the PDP 11/34. That event detected data was found on 15 tapes labeled as follows (tape #, OBS number and number of events- if known):

Tape #	OBS#	Number of Events
obs1	TIKI101	160
obs2	TIKI102	80
obs3	TIKI102	109
Tape #	OBS#	Number of Events
obs4	TIKI003	33
obs5	B1	80
	O1	66
obs6	B3	31
	B4	253
obs7	R5	133
	B3	32
obs8	B5	?
	B6	226
obs9	B7	152
obs10	G7	197
obs11	O2	139
	R4	221
obs12	R3	3?
	O3	24
obs13	R2.1	307
obs14	R2.2	?
obs15	R4	334

MISCELANEOUS DATA TAPES

The accompanying list includes the original tape label as well as any other descriptive information that might be of use, following that is a commentary on the contents of the tape as seen by the author during the visit to LDEO. Tapes are labeled by a number indicating the order in which they were read starting with 100 and ending with 117. These tapes are all written using the TAR command.

CARIB100

"Carib Backup Tape 1" Contains digital tapes listings (trigger times for the digital recording system) for the network from 1979-1983

CARIB101

"Carib Backup Tape 2" Contains miscellaneous earthquake location programs and STD program files

CARIB102

"SUN TAR McCANN MIGUEL 8/1/85" This tapes was found on a completely different tape rack than the rest of the tapes read. It was included only because the name McCann was on it and it might have contained information about the seismic network. The directories of MIGUEL were NOT copied off this TAR tape. Contains data and programs to determine velocity model of region (VELIN)—I am not sure how this data got not this tape.

CARIB103

"CARIB BACKUP TAPE 3" This tape appears to contain some updated location (bulletin info for 1981 as well as copies of bulletin data for 1980 and 1979, 78, 77 and swarm of May 1976, as well as west indes data.

CARIB104

"CARIB BACKUP TAPE 4" contains data from FRANKEL investigations

CARIB105

"CARIB BACKUP TAPE 5" Contains, among other things, phase and location matched data for 1977-1982 with 10-12 81 missing.

CARIB106

"TAR OF CARD CABINET- TAPE #4" (PHASES 76-79, P. R. DATA, May 76 swarm, Digitized Data, PHADIG, FAMG)" Tape containing a wealth of information had raw phase data for period 1/1/76 through 3/31/80 as well as pr phase data and locations

CARIB107

"TAR DISK 1-9 - TAPE #3 (HABERMAN, OBS, RYAN) Has bulletin data, Haberman data, second file has velin data etc, third has K. Fischer data and ryan files, 4th file has digital data and K. Newcomb as well as pingpong, fifth files has misc data, 6th has misc data and codes, 7th has focal mech and master files, 8th has digital data for polarization project, 10th has more of the

same, 11th has habermann codes, 12th has r4 obs data, 13 has picker program dr map and supermap program.

CARIB108

"CARIB BACKUP TAPE 6" Contains digital 3 comp data from selected events from 1981 and some repeats of bulletin data.

CARIB109

"Caribbean RL disks 1-9 (Tarred onto this tape 25 mar 88 1600bpi)" This is a catchall of many files.

CARIB110

"(no label on the outside only label is piece of paper inside that says 'small tape 1')" Tape supplied by WRM. sep87.pha only.

CARIB111

"OBS Line 10a (multiplexed, standard and other assorted data)" Tape supplied by WRM. Appears to contain wavform data for line refraction line 10a run in 1979.

CARIB112

"Art Frankel's Carib events" Tape found in completely separate tape rack than the rest. Has a few digital records.

CARIB113

"Tar Tape /g34 Carib Earthquakes Site B1" Contains digital data from OBS station B1 from 1979 experiment

CARIB114

"has no label on tape, but ring does say -5- " Contains hypoinverse source code, hplt code, pdeisc cose, relocate code, sunpick code.

CARIB115

"Witte tape1" Has digital data for events from 79-81, by Dean Witte.

CARIB116

"has no label on tape, ring does say -6-" contains marine gravity data for the Puerto Rico region.

CARIB117

"has no label on tape, ring does say -2- " Contains "bin" files, dr/ryan files. 2nd file contains velin codes, planewave codes, Aol files from Taber, velin/veiques files, fischer files, 3rd file has reloc files, hplt files, dplt files, and pdeisc files,

OUTPUTS

All the above tapes were copied using the program TAR onto two _" archive tapes labeled

```
CARIB ARCHIVE 1 (tape1) and CARIB ARCHIVE TAPE 2 (tape2)
```

Tape1 is a 10 file TAR tape with the data from tapes CARIB100 through CARIB109 as described above.

Tape2 is a 8 file TAR tape with the data from tapes CARIB110 through CARIB117 as described above.

DLT ARCHIVE TAPE

Data was also copied onto a DLT cartridge using the program TAR. There is one large file on the DLT tape. Data on that tape are in the following order:

DMUX1

DMUX2

DMUX9

DMUX8

DMUX7

DMUX6

DMUX5

DMUX4

obs1

obs2

obs3

obs4

obs5

obs6

0030

obs7

obs8

obs9

obs11

obs12

obs13

obs14

obs15 TAPE1 (Tapes CARIB001-109) TAPE2 (Tapes CARIB110-117) DMUX3 obs10

Tapes DMUX3 and obs10 had numerous errors on read and are probably not complete copies of their originals.

Appendix D.

Inventory of Materials Related to the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network Housed in the Seismology Group Archive Center in the Shipping Building, Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory

1st room contains miscellaneous magnetic tapes and reader for develocorder tapes 2 room is large and 1st rack on left after entering has 8 shelves labeled Caribbean seismic network tapes and bulletins

Top shelf has:

Develocorder Tapes
3-24-76 to 6-18-75 (network starts recording in March 1976)
6-18-75 to 10-8-75
10-8-75 to 1-4-76
1-4-76 to 3-9-76
3-10-76 to 5-26-76
5-27-76 to 7-29-76

2nd shelf down has:

Develocorder Tapes 7-29-76 to 9-29-76 10-2-76 to 11-19-76 11-19-76 to 12-15-76 3-13-77 to 4-27-77 4-27-77 to 6-11-77 1-28-77 to 3-13-77

3rd shelf down has:

Develocorder Tapes 9-30-77 to 12-2-77 6-12-77 to 8-1-77 8/77 to 9/77 12/2/77 to 1/31/78 1/31/78 to 3/31/78 to 5/31/78

4th shelf down has:

Develocorder Tapes 5/31/78 to 7/31/78 8/6/78 to 9/30/78

9/30/78 to 11/30/78 11/30/78 11/30/78 11/30/78 to 1/31/79 1/31/79 to 3/31/79 3/31/79 to 5/16/79

5th shelf down has:

Develocorder Tapes 5/14/79 to 6/29/79 6/29/79/ to 8/13/79 8/13/79 10/3/79 10/3/79 to 11/20/79 11/20/79 to 1/8/80 to 2/20/80 2/20/80 to 4/15/80

6th shelf down has:

Final Bulletin listing (hypoellipse computer outputs)

Box 1

1975 3-6 (7-12 is in box 2) 1976 1-12

Box 2

1975 7-12 1977 1-5 1977 6, 8-9 (missing 7 1977) 197710-12 1978 1-6

Box 3

1978 7-12 and 1/79 1979 3,4,7-10 (missing 2,5, and 6)

7th shelf down has:

1979 11-12 1980 1-3 1980 1975-77 phase and location data for Puerto Rico seismic network as supplied by USGS (paper listing)

```
LDEO digital system trigger times for digital tapes- listings
1979 (2)
1980
1981
1982
1983 Puerto Rico Digital recording system
UWI Bulletins
1959-1963
1964-1966
1966
1976 3
1977 1-6, 7-12
1978 1-6, 7-12
1979 1-3, 4-7, 8-10
1980 1-6, 7-12
1981 8-11
IPG Bulletins (French Caribbean Islands)
1979 10-12
1980 1-6, 7-12
1981 1-6, 7-12
1982
1983
1984
1985
```

 \mathcal{S}^{th} shelf down (Bottom shelf) does not contain material related to the Northeastern Caribbean Seismic Network

Final Report for 99HQGR0067

CHARACTERIZATION OF ACTIVE SUBMARINE FAULTS NEAR U.S. CARIBBEAN TERRITORIES

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"Research supported by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), Department of the Interior, under USGS award number 99HQGR0067. The views and conclusions contained in this document are those of the authors and should not be interpreted as necessarily representing the official policies, either expressed or implied, of the U. S. Government"

99HQGR0067: Characterization of Active Submarine Faults Near U.S. Caribbean Territories

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Abstract

The US territories in the Caribbean (Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands) lie within an actively deforming plate boundary zone. Proper determination of earthquake hazard for these islands will be based on the identification and characterization of active faults and the determination of the microseismicity associated with them.

One task undertaken in this program was the development of unified catalog of microearthquakes for the region near the U.S. Territories in the Caribbean. By applying newly acquired clock corrections to LDEO network data (from a previous NEHRP proposal) and combining that data with USGS/PR network data, we were able to form the unified catalog. More than 9,000 events have been rescued from 1975-1982 by this effort, covering more than 700 km of the NE Caribbean seismic zone. That new catalog will greatly improve our understanding of the seismotectonics of the NE Caribbean.

Identification of microearthquakes related to specific submarine faults in the Anegada Passage region, and just off the coast, western Puerto Rico is another task. Microearthquakes in the newly formed catalog of the local seismic network have be used to determine the level and 3-D distribution of seismic activity on the most important faults in those areas. For the Anegada Passage region, the best station distribution (even better than today's) is the period from 1975-1978.

Finally, we have constructed 10 composite focal mechanisms by use of P-wave first motions for events in the Anegada Passage region. Those mechanisms have been compared with the 3-D geometry of the seismicity on the fault, as well as the mapped trace of the segments of the fault. Eight of the solutions are normal faulting and the other two are oblique strike-slip with a normal component. These events describe an extensional regime oriented essentially E-W. The data are consistent with regional stresses induced by arc-parallel extension

Development of a Unified Catalog of Microearthquakes

We have applied the clock corrections made available under a previous NEHRP program to the LDEO network data and merged with USGS/PR network data to form a unified catalog for the period 1975-1978. LDEO network data spans 1975-1982, the life of the network. PR network data spans 1975-1978 (Table 1). Therefore, the merged dataset spans 1975-1978. When data from the PR network for the period 1979-1982 becomes available, it will be easily merged with the LDEO network data provided herein. More than 9,000 events have been rescued by this effort. Stations codes have been converted to the 4-letter code format and conflicting codes converted (Table 2). The final bulletin and final catalog were checked for order in time and duplicate events removed. In the pocket in the back of this report are several diskettes containing original network phase data, the clock corrected, as well as the merged data forming the new

regional catalog. The readme file describes the contents of the files and the purpose of the FORTRAN programs used to develop the dataset.

Stations on Puerto Rico used the velocity model of Asencio (1980) for locating events. Stations of the NE Caribbean network (LDEO) used the average velocity model developed by Fischer and McCann (1984) to determine locations. Even though some station delays were calculated to the various models developed by them, we did not apply any of them during this phase of the relocation process. Our intent now is merely to develop a unified catalog with basic new, microearthquake locations. The Fischer and McCann model is a calibrated velocity model using multi-ton calibration shots. All events were located using the Y2K compliant version of Hypoellipse.

Coda magnitudes were calculated using the parameters of the NE Caribbean network developed by Frankel (unpubl. Data). Coda corrections developed for that network magnitude scale were not used.

Table 1. Status of US Caribbean seismic monitoring data

US Geological Survey							Puerto Rico Network							Lamont-Doherty Earth Obs.									
	R	P	T	L	C	Н	В	R	P	T	L	C	Н	В		K	R	P	T	L	С	Н	В
1975	X	X	X	X	X	X	X									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1976	X	X	X	X	X	X	X									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1977	X	X	X	X	X	X	X									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1978	X	X	X								X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1979	X															X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1980	X															X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1981	X															X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1982																X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1983								X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X						
1984								X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
1985								X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
1986								X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
1987								X															
1988									X													•	
1989									X														
1990									X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
1991									X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
1992									X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
1993									X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
1994									X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
1995									X	X	X	X	X	X	X								

Notes: Column headings are as follows: R- data recorded; P- phase times picked; K- Clock correction made when possible; T- data time corrected to UCT; L- events located; C- catalog of events exists; H- phase data exists in machine readable format; B- Bulletin of events exists. X means work completed. X means work done in this project to develop unified catalog. For the most reliable information about the existing network, please visit http://rmsismo.upr.clu.edu

Table 2. Conversion from internal to external station codes

Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory	Corresponding Non-Conflicting
Internally used Station Code	International Station Code
ABV_	_ABV
AWI_	AWIN
BWI_	_BWI
CGP_	CGPV
CGV_	_CGV
CSJ_	_CSJ
CUL_	_CUP
CUP_	_CUP
GPV_	_GPV
MTP_	_MTP
PWP_	_PWP
RRD_	_RRD
SAB_	_SBN
SBN_	_SBN
SCV_	_SCV
SJV_	_SJV
SKB_	SKBR
STK_	STKP
STM_	_MRN
SWI_	SWIP
VST_ United States Geological Survey Internally used Station Code	_VST Corresponding Non-Conflicting International Station Code
CAG_	CAGU
SAB_	_SBN
SLA_	SWIP
AIB_	_ABV
ISP_	_PWP

Note: Underscore indicates blank space

Seismotectonics of the Anegada Passage Region

Another task was the development of fault plane solutions using first motion data, and the identification of microearthquakes related to specific submarine faults in the Anegada Passage region and just off the coast, western Puerto Rico. Microearthquakes in the newly formed catalog of the local seismic network were used to determine the level distribution of seismic activity on the most important faults in the area. Events were chosen based on typical parameters such as gap, distance to closest station and vertical and horizontal errors. For the Anegada Passage region the best station distribution (even better than today's) is the period from 1975-1978. (That good distribution continued until 1982, but the data from the Puerto Rico network for the period 1979-1982 has yet to be analyzed). Of particular interest is the maximum extent of the depth of seismic faulting, and the segmentation of any fault. Knowledge of both of these parameters will have an important impact on the determination of the potential of the fault to generate damaging earthquakes.

First motion data for locally recorded microearthquakes was used to construct fault plane solutions of events in the Anegada Passage region. We defined the region by 17°N-18.75°N and 66.5°W-63°W. Events on or north of the PRVI platform were then excluded. The remaining events were then filtered to exclude those with no S arrival, any error greater then 10 km, a depth greater than 30 km, or less than 6 first motions. The remaining events were checked for to assure a high quality location. Fault plane solutions were then determined using FPFIT. Nearby events with 4 or more first motions, and high quality locations were then added if found to be compatible with the first fault plane solution. A total of 10 composite solutions were developed (Figure 1). Tables 3 and 4 contain the pertinent information about the events used, and the parameters determined for the fault plane solutions.

Eight of the solutions are normal faulting and the other two are oblique strike-slip with a normal component. These events describe an extensional regime oriented essentially E-W. The data are consistent with regional stresses induced by arc-parallel extension (McCann et al., 1996), but are not consistent with present-day counterclockwise rotation of the Puerto Rico microplate about a nearby pole of rotation, or just trench roll-back inducing N-S extension. We find no evidence in the present dataset in support of a N-NE oriented T-axis as suggested in other models based on seismic reflection data (Jany et al., 1987).

Table 3. Parameters for events used in composite fault plane solutions.

mech # year	· mo	da	hr	mi lon	lat	dep	Npha	gap	rms	azim1	dip1	stderr1	azm2	dip2	stderr2	stderr3	ns
1 197:	12	9	23	5 -66.2680	18.2582	12	10	139	0.31	183	16	1.2	281	26	0.59	2.4	2
1 1970	5	14	22	14 -66.2807	18.1963	10	11	132	0.1	267	15	1.03	169	25	2.55	3.66	1
1 197	7	21	20	46 -66.2513	18.2857	30	5	195	0.02	239	8	1.38	145	25	3.61	2.16	2
2 1970	12	31	14	1 -66.1913	18.1497	21	7	127	0.04	143	14	2.39	44	33	2.73	7.84	1
2 197	8	27	0	23 -66.0402	18.2117	6	8	167	0.46	243	6	0.7	337	39	1.22	3.33	3
2 1985	3	22	22	6 -66.1763	18.1705	8	7	110	0.34	36	13	0.86	302	16	1.05	3.06	2
3 197:	12	17	11	8 -66.2668	17.9002	5	9	210	0.34	155	4	2.11	246	17	0.81	4.03	1
3 1970	9	2	11	48 -66.2738	17.9158	12	8	207	0.07	32	6	7.8	122	8	3.59	2.89	1
4 197:	12	19	21	14 -66.2098	18.0975	1	8	164	0.39	267	21	0.61	12	35	1.02	2.05	2
5 197	7	15	6	6 -65.6212	18.0397	14	6	311	0.13	160	10	2.75	252	13	2.18	1.37	2
5 197	8	14	16	14 -65.5505	18.0267	8	9	319	0.1	318	13	1.75	54	23	2.04	1.4	4
5 198	. 7	27	18	7 -65.6678	17.9287	11	21	263	0.26	44	16	6.83	307	24	2.02	1.45	8
5 1982	1	25	7	9 -65.6812	17.8622	9	13	271	17	17	16	167	108	5	206	100	6

mech # year	mo	da	hr	mi	lon	lat	dep	Npha	gap	rms	azim1	dip1	stderr1	azm2	dip2	stderr2	stderr3	ns
6 1975	12	24	17	25	-65.4367	18.0077	7	7	322	0.29	51	32	4.15	300	30	2.28	1.58	2
6 1982	1	26	11	49	-65.4060	17.9473	2	11	221	0.07	126	11	1.02	218	11	2.53	6.36	1
6 1980	11	16	9	12	-65.4022	18.0123	16	16	188	8	263	6	192	168	42	1104	720	7
6 1981	4	5	2	51	-65.3710	18.0040	5	11	185	10	249	16	211	344	17	1117	270	3
7 1980	3	8	1	29	-64.9445	18.1173	20	11	137	0.04	243	18	1.39	341	23	4.92	3.89	3
7 1981	3	20	14	4	-64.9562	18.1170	20	16	113	0.08	241	6	1.32	150	11	3.51	17.09	7
8 1980	1	29	3	26	-64.7720	18.1515	11	15	109	0.12	273	19	1.89	175	23	0.93	2.25	6
8 1982	4	13	15	58	-64.7983	18.0997	5	12	121	0.46	319	0	3.97	229	4	5.96	16.72	5
8 1982	5	31	18	55	-64.7395	18.1847	11	10	123	0.25	62	14	1.74	162	34	1.1	2.06	4
9 1982	1	2	2	27	-64.8057	17.9212	0	14	157	0.48	38	9	1.3	305	20	0.83	2.62	4
10 1980	4	2	22	13	-64.0455	18.5460	24	14	176	0.22	105	10	1.03	9	31	4.78	1.93	2
10 1982	8	25	16	47	-64.3270	18.4012	11	12	203	0.42	291	13	2.58	189	42	1.04	1.71	4
10 1982	9	27	17	28	-64.3390	18.3530	10	11	201	0.08	288	18	3.12	187	32	1.09	2.09	5

Note: parameters are standard output from hypoellipse. See documentation of hypoellipse for details.

Table 4. Parameters of composite fault plane solutions from FPFIT

mech										
#	dip st	trike	rake	dip	strike	rake	Fj	nobs	avwt	stdr
1	90	165	-150	60	75	0	0.090	15	0.14	0.61
2	65	0	-80	27	157	-110	0.070	19	0.12	0.65
3	45	215	-150	69	103	-49	0.000	12	0.05	0.56
4	85	120	-160	70	28	-5	0.000	6	0.07	0.6
5	10	230	-70	81	30	-93	0.130	25	0.16	0.67
6	25	180	-100	65	11	-85	0.070	27	0.11	0.57
7	45	260	10	83	163	135	0.000	15	0.05	0.55
8	85	210	-160	70	118	-5	0.100	17	0.15	0.5
9	55	30	-40	58	146	-138	0.000	8	0.06	0.28

10 50 155 -140 61 37 -48 0.080

Note: Fj, avwt, and stdr are measures of goodness of the solution- see documentation of FPFIT for details; nobs is number of observations.

13 0.12 0.56

FPFIT Fault Plane Solutions

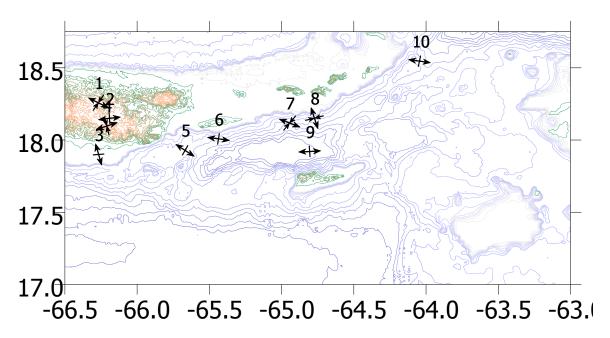


Figure 1. Orientation of two most horizontal stress axes for composite fault plane solutions.

Final report and Dissemination

Two abstracts and two articles are being submitted for publication (McCann, 2000a,b,c,d). One article is a note describing the newly rescued unified catalog, and another describes the results of the investigation of the Anegada Passage.

Copies of this report will be sent to: A. Frankel (USGS), the Seismic Network of Puerto Rico, Pamela Jasma (UPR Mayagüez, GPS studies), Tish Tuttle, Carol Prentice, Nancy Grindlay and Paul Mann (Marine and Land Geologic Studies), K. Scanlon (USGS, Woods Hole, Marine Geology of Puerto Rico) and W. Rodriguez (USGS, San Juan Office, Puerto Rico), PR civil Defense and VITEMA.

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